

WORLD INTELLECTUAL PROPERTY ORGANIZATION International Bureau



INTERNATIONAL APPLICATION PUBLISHED UNDER THE PATENT COOPERATION TREATY (PCT)

INTERNATIONAL ATTEICATION TODAIS				
(51) International Patent Classification ⁵ : A61K 48/00, 35/12, 39/00 C12N 15/19, 15/24, 15/25 C12N 15/26, 15/90, 15/63	A1	`	1) International Publication Number: 3) International Publication Date:	WO 93/07906 29 April 1993 (29.04.93)
(21) International Application Number: PCT/US (22) International Filing Date: 23 October 1992			(74) Agents: CAMPBELL, Cathryn 4370 La Jolla Village Drive, 92122 (US).	et al.; Campbell & Flores, Suite 700, San Diego, CA
(30) Priority data: 781,356 863,641 25 October 1991 (25.10.9 3 April 1992 (03.04.92)		US US	(81) Designated States: CA, JP, Euro DE, DK, ES, FR, GB, GR, I	pean patent (AT, BE, CH, E, IT, LU, MC, NL, SE).
(71) Applicant: SAN DIEGO REGIONAL CANCI TER [US/US]; 3099 Science Park Road, Suite Diego, CA 92121 (US).	ER CE 200, S	EN- San	Published With international search repor	rt.
(72) Inventors: SOBOL, Robert, E.; 5673 La Jolla Avenue, La Jolla, CA 92037 (US). FRED, H 8388 Caminito Helecho, La Jolla, CA 920 ROYSTON, Ivor; 1515 El Camino del Teatro CA 92037 (US). FRIEDMAN, Theodore; 947 Shores Drive, La Jolla, CA 92037 (US). FAKH bib; 1538 Avenida Andante, Oceanside, CA 92	I., Gag 037 (U , La Jo 0 La Jo IRAI, I	ge; JS). olla, olla Ha-		
. 				

(54) Title: LYMPHOKINE GENE THERAPY OF CANCER

(57) Abstract

A novel method of tumor immunotherapy is described comprising the genetic modification of cells resulting in the secretion of cytokine gene products to stimulate a patient's immune response to tumor antigens. In one embodiment, autologous fibroblasts genetically modified to secrete at least one cytokine gene product are utilized to immunize the patient in a formulation with tumor antigens at a site other than an active tumor site. In another embodiment, cells genetically modified to express at least one tumor antigen product and to secrete at least one cytokine gene product are utilized in a formulation to immunize the patient at a site other than an active tumor site.

FOR THE PURPOSES OF INFORMATION ONLY

Codes used to identify States party to the PCT on the front pages of pamphlets publishing international applications under the PCT.

Austria	FR	France	MR	Mauritania
Australia	GA	Gabon	MW	Malawi
Barbados	CB	United Kingdom	NL	Netherlands
	GN	Guinea	NO	Norway
-	GR	Greece	NZ	New Zealand
	HU	Hungary	PL	Poland
_	IE	Ircland	PT	Portugal
	IT	Italy	RO	Romania
	JP	-	RU	Russian Federation
	KP	•	SD	Sudan
•		of Korua	SE	Sweden
	KR	Republic of Korea	SK	Slovak Republic
	Li	Liechtenstein	SN	Senegal
	LK	Sri Lanka	SU	Soviet Union
	LU	Luxemboure	TD	Chad
	MC	Моласо	TG	Tugo
• •	MG	Madaeascar	UA	Ukraine
•	ML	Malî	บร	United States of America
	MN		VN	Viet Nam
Finland		~		
	Australia Barbados Belgium Burkina Faso Bulgaria Benin Brazil Canada Central African Republic Congo Switzerland Côte d'Ivoire Cameroon Czechoslovakia Cæch Republic Germany Denmark Spain	Australia GA Barbarlos GB Belgium GN Burkina Faso GR Bulgaria HU Benin IE Brazil IT Canada JP Central African Republic KP Congo Switzerland KR Côte d'Ivoire LI Cameroon LK Czech Republic MC Cacer Republic MC Cacer Republic MC Cacer MC Cermany MG Denmark ML Spain MN	Australia GA Gabon Barbatlos GB United Kingdom Belgium GN Guinea Burkina Faso GR Greece Bulgaria HU Hungary Benin IE Ireland Brazil IT Italy Canada JP Japan Central African Republic KP Democratic People's Republic of Korea Switzerland KR Republic of Korea Côte d'Ivoire LI Liechtenstein Cameroon LK Sri Lanka Czech Republic MC Monaco Germany MG Madagasear Denmark ML Mali Spain MN Mongolia	Australia GA Gabor MW Barbados GB United Kingdom NL Belgium GN Guinea NO Burkina Faso GR Greece NZ Bulgaria HU Hungary PL Benin IE Ireland PT Brazil IT Italy RO Canada JP Japan RU Central African Republic KP Democratic People's Republic SD Congo of Korea SE Switzerland KR Republic of Korea SK Côte d'Ivoire LI Liechtenstein SN Cameroon LK Sri Lanka SU Czech Republic MC Monaco TG Germany MG Madagascar UA Denmark ML Maii US Spain MN Mongolia

WO 93/07906 PCT/US92/08999

Lymphokine Gene Therapy of Cancer

BACKGROUND

This application is a continuation-in-part of United States Patent Application Serial No. 07/781,356, filed on October 25, 1991, which is a continuation-in-part of United States Patent Application Serial No. 07/720,872, filed on June 25, 1991, both of which are incorporated herein in their entirety.

Recent advances in our understanding of the of the immune system have lead to 10 biology identification of important modulators of immune responses, called cytokines (1-3). Immune system modulators produced by lymphocytes are termed lymphokines, a subset of the These agents mediate many of the immune cytokines. responses involved in anti-tumor immunity. Several of these cytokines have been produced by recombinant DNA methodology and evaluated for their anti-tumor effects. lymphokines administration of and immunomodulators has resulted in objective tumor responses in patients with various types of neoplasms (4-7). However, current modes of cytokine administration are frequently associated with toxicities that limit the therapeutic value of these agents.

For example, interleukin-2 (IL-2) is an important lymphokine in the generation of anti-tumor immunity (4). In response to tumor antigens, a subset of lymphocytes termed helper T-cells secrete small quantities of IL-2. This IL-2 acts locally at the site of tumor antigen stimulation to activate cytotoxic T-cells and natural killer cells which mediate systemic tumor cell destruction. Intravenous. intralymphatic and intralesional administration of IL-2 has resulted in clinically significant responses in some cancer patients (4-6). However, severe toxicities (hypotension and adema) limit 35 the dose and fficacy of intravenous and intralymphatic IL-

2 administration (5-7). The toxicity of systemically administered lymphokines is not surprising as these agents mediate local cellular interactions and they are normally secreted in only very small quantities.

Additionally, other cytokines, such as interleukin-4 (IL-4), alpha interferon (α-INF) and gamma interferon (γ-INF) have been used to stimulate immune responses to tumor cells. Like IL-2, the current modes of administration have adverse side effects.

administration, several investigators have examined intralesional injection of IL-2. This approach eliminates the toxicity associated with systemic IL-2 administration (8,9,10). However, multiple intralesional injections are required to optimize therapeutic efficacy (9,10). Hence, these injections are impractical for many patients, particularly when tumor sites are not accessible for injection without potential morbidity.

An alternative approach, involving cytokine gene transfer into tumor cells, has resulted in significant anti-tumor immune responses in several animal tumor models (11-14). In these studies, the expression of cytokine gene products following cytokine gene transfer into tumor cells has abrogated the tumorigenicity of the cytokine-secreting 25 tumor cells when implanted into syngeneic hosts. transfer of genes for IL-2 (11,12) γ -INF or (14) significantly (IL-4)interleukin-4 eliminated the growth of several different histological types of murine tumors. In the studies employing IL-2 gene 30 transfer, the treated animals also developed systemic antitumor immunity and were protected against subsequent tumor challenges with the unmodified parental tumor (11,12). Similar inhibition of tumor growth and protective immunity was also demonstrated when immunizations were performed with a mixture of unmodified parental tumor cells and genetically modified tumor cells engineered to express the IL-2 gene. No toxicity associates with localized lymphokine transgene expression was reported in these 5 animal tumor studies (11-14).

while the above gene-transfer procedure has been shown to provide anti-tumor immunity, it still retains practical difficulties. This approach is limited by the inability to transfer functional cytokine genes into many patients' tumor cells, as most patients' tumors cannot be established to grown in vitro and methods for human in vivo gene transfer are not available.

SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION

The present invention demonstrates a novel, more practical method of cytokine cancer immunotherapy. In one approach, selected cells from a patient, fibroblasts, obtained, for example, from a routine skin biopsy, are genetically modified to express one or more cytokines. Alternatively, patient cells which may normally 20 serve as antigen presenting cells in the immune system such as macrophages, monocytes, and lymphocytes may also be genetically modified to express one or more cytokines. These modified cells are hereafter called cytokineexpressing cells, ore CE cells. The CE cells are then 25 mixed with the patient's tumor antigens, for example in the form of irradiated tumor cells, or alternatively in the form of purified natural or recombinant tumor antigen, and employed in immunizations, for example subcutaneously, to induce systemic anti-tumor immunity.

30 The cytokines are locally expressed at levels sufficient to induce or augment systemic anti-tumor immune responses via local immunization at sites other than active tumor sites. Systemic toxicity related to cytokine

administration should not occur because the levels of cytokine secr ted by the CE c lls should not significantly affect systemic cytokine concentrations.

As the amount of cytokine secreted by the CE 5 cells is sufficient to induce anti-tumor immunity but is too low to produce substantial systemic toxicity, this local of benefit approach provides the In addition, this novel method obviates administration. the need for intralesional injections, which may produce 10 morbidity. Furthermore, the continuous local expression of cytokine(s) at the sites of immunization may also augment anti-tumor immune responses compared to intermittent This method also provides the cytokine injections. advantage of local immunization with the CE cells, as 15 opposed to cumbersome intravenous infusions. This method also eliminates the need for establishing tumor cell lines in vitro as well as transfer of genes into these tumor cells.

This invention also provides an alternative means 20 of localized expression of cytokines to induce and/or increase immune responses to a patient's tumor through genetic modification of cellular expression of both In this embodiment, cytokine(s) and tumor antigen(s). selected cells from a patient are isolated and transduced 25 with cytokine gene(s) as well as gene(s) coding for tumor The transduced cells are called "carrier antigen(s). cells." Carrier cells can include fibroblasts and cells which may normally serve as antigen presenting cells in the system such as macrophages, monocytes, 30 lymphocytes. Transduced carrier cells actively expressing both the cytokine(s) and the tumor antigen(s) are selected and utilized in local immunizations at a site other than active tumor sites to induce anti-tumor immune responses. As with the CE cells, these carrier cells should not 35 produce substantial systemic toxicities, as the levels of cytokine(s) secreted by the carrier cells should not significantly affect systemic cytokine concentrations. This alternate embodiment is advantageous because it obviates the need to obtain samples of the tumor, which is sometimes difficult. However, carrier cells can be utilized in local immunizations in conjunction with tumor cells, tumor cell homogenates, purified tumor antigens, or recombinant tumor antigens to enhance anti-tumor immunity.

Additionally, this second embodiment retains the same advantages as the first embodiment in that the level of cytokine released by the carrier cells is sufficient to induce anti-tumor immunity but is too low to produce In addition, as with the substantial systemic toxicity. first embodiment, this method obviates the need for 15 intralesional injections, and allows for continuous expression of cytokine(s). This method also eliminates the need for establishing continuous cultures in vitro of tumor cells as well as transfer of genes into these tumor cells, and provides the advantage of local immunization with the 20 carrier cells, as opposed to cumbersome lengthy intravenous infusions.

These approaches may also find application in inducing or augmenting immune responses to other antigens of clinical significance in other areas of medical practice.

BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWINGS

Figure 1 shows schematic diagrams of retroviral vectors DC/TKIL2, LXSN-IL2, and LNCX-IL2.

Figure 2 shows a mean IL-2 concentration of 30 triplicate supernatant samples measured by ELISA. Supernatants were harv sted from overnight cultures of approximately 1.5 x 10⁶ semi-confluent fibroblasts.

Figure 3 shows biological activity of the IL-2 secreted by the transduced fibroblasts was demonstrated by measuring mean ³H-TdR incorporation of an IL-2 dependent T-cell line incubated with triplicate samples of supernatants. Supernatants were harvested from overnight cultures of approximately 1.5 x 10⁶ semi-confluent fibroblasts.

Figure 4 shows comparisons between animals injected with 10⁵ CT26 tumor cells alone (\square); 10⁵ CT26 tumor cells and 2 x 10⁶ unmodified BALB/C fibroblasts (\blacksquare); 10⁵ CT26 tumor cells and 2 x 10⁶ IL-2 transduced BALB/C fibroblasts (\blacksquare); and 10⁵ CT26 tumor cells and 1 x 10⁶ transduced BALB/C fibroblasts (\bigcirc). Tumor measurements are the mean products of the cross-sectional diameter of the tumors from four animals in each treatment group. The (*) indicates statistically significant difference (P < 0.05) in tumor growth curves.

Figure 5 shows PCR analysis of neomycin phosphotransferase DNA sequences. Lane 1 - positive control pLXSN-RI-IL2. Lanes 2 through 4 tests genomic DNA; Lanes 5 and 6 ovary genomic DNA; Lane 7 negative control, no DNA. Identical results were obtained with liver, spleen and lung genomic DNA (data not shown).

Figure 6 shows the effect of IL-2 modified 25 fibroblasts on tumor establishment and development using 2 x 10^6 fibroblasts mixed with 5 x 10^4 CT26 tumor cells concentrating on the rate of tumor growth.

Figure 7 shows the effect of IL-2 modified fibroblasts on tumor establishment and development using 2 x 10^6 fibroblasts mixed with 5 x 10^4 CT26 tumor cells concentrating on the time of tumor onset for the individual animal in each treatment group.

Figure 8 shows the effect of IL-2 modified fibroblasts on tumor establishment and development using 2 x 10^6 fibroblasts mixed with 1 x 10^5 CT26 tumor cells concentrating on the rate of tumor growth.

- Figure 9 shows the effect of IL-2 modified fibroblasts on tumor establishment and development using 2 x 10^6 fibroblasts mixed with 1 x 10^5 CT26 tumor cells concentrating on the time of tumor onset for the individual animal in each treatment group.
- Figure 10 shows the effect of IL-2 modified cells on tumor establishment and development using 2 x 10^6 DCTK-IL2-modified CT26 tumor cells mixed with 1 x 10^5 unmodified CT26 compared to 2 x 10^6 DCTK-IL2-modified fibroblasts mixed with 1 x 10^5 CT26 concentrating on the rate of tumor growth.
- 15 Figure 11 shows the effect of IL-2 modified cells on tumor establishment and development using 2 x 10⁵ DCTK-IL2-modified CT26 tumor cells mixed with 1 x 10⁵ unmodified CT26 compared to 2 x 10⁶ DCTK-IL2-modified fibroblasts mixed with 1 x 10⁵ CT26 concentrating on the time of tumor onset 20 for the individual animal in each treatment group.

Figure 12 shows the effect of IL-2 modified fibroblasts on induction of systemic anti-tumor immunity and the rate of tumor growth. Mice were immunized with 2 x 10^6 fibroblasts mixed with 2.5 x 10^5 irradiated CT26 tumor cells 7 days prior to challenge with 5 x 10^4 fresh tumor cells.

Figure 13 shows the effect of IL-2 modified fibroblasts on induction of systemic anti-tumor immunity and the time of tumor onset for the individual animal in each treatment group. Mice were immunized with 2 x 10⁶ fibroblasts mixed with 2.5 x 10⁵ irradiated CT26 tumor cells 7 days prior to challenge with 5 x 10⁴ fresh tumor cells.

Figure 14 shows the effect of IL-2 modified fibroblasts on induction of systemic anti-tumor immunity and the rate of tumor growth. Mice were immunized with 2 x 10⁶ fibroblasts mixed with 2.5 x 10⁵ irradiated CT26 tumor cells 14 days prior to challenge with 5 x 10⁴ fresh tumor cells.

Figure 15 shows the effect of IL-2 modified fibroblasts on induction of systemic anti-tumor immunity and the time of tumor onset for the individual animal in each treatment group. Mice were immunized with 2 x 10⁶ fibroblasts mixed with 2.5 x 10⁵ irradiated CT26 tumor cells 14 days prior to challenge with 5 x 10⁴ fresh tumor cells.

DETAILED DESCRIPTION

A novel method of tumor immunotherapy described comprising the genetic modification of cells resulting in the secretion of cytokine gene products to stimulate a patient's immune response to tumor antigens. "Gene" is defined herein to be a nucleotide sequence embodiment, In one encoding the desired protein. 20 autologous fibroblasts genetically modified to secrete at least one cytokine gene product are utilized to immunize the patient in a formulation with tumor antigens at a site other than an active tumor site. In another embodiment, cells genetically modified to express at least one tumor 25 antigen gene product and to secrete at least one cytokine gene product are utilized in formulation to immunize the patient at a site other than an active tumor site. expressed in cells which Cytokines are preferably efficiently secrete these proteins into the surrounding fibroblasts are an example of such cells. 30 milieu. Fibroblasts or other cells can be genetically modified to express and secrete one or more cytokines, as described later in this specification.

Tumor antigens can be provided by several methods, including, but not limited to the following: 1) CE cells can be transduced with gene(s) coding for tumor These "carrier cells" are then utilized in antigens. 5 patient immunizations. 2) Cloned gene sequences coding for appropriate tumor antigens can be transferred into cells such as fibroblasts or antigen-presenting cells. cells are then mixed with CE or carrier cells to immunize the patient. 3) Tumor antigens can be cloned in bacteria or other types of cells by recombinant procudures. antigens are then purified and employed an immunization with CE and/or carrier cells. 4) Tumor antiqens can be purified from tumor cells and used, along with CE or carrier cells, to immunize the patient. 5) Tumor cells may 15 be irradiated or mechanically disrupted and mixed with CE and/or carrier cells for patient immunizations.

This invention encompasses the following steps: (A) isolation of appropriate cells for generation of CE cells or carrier cells; (B) isolation of cytokine genes or isolation of cytokine genes and tumor antigen genes, as well as appropriate marker and/or suicide genes; (C) transfer of the genes from (B) to produce the CE cells or carrier cells; (D) preparation of immunological samples of the patient's tumor antigens or other suitable tumor 25 antigens for immunization with CE or carrier cells; (E) inactivation of the malignant potential of tumor cells if source of tumor are used as а antigens for immunization; and preparation of (F) samples for immunization. Following are several embodiments 30 contemplated by the inventors. However, it is understood that any means known by those in the art to accomplish these steps will be usable in this invention.

(A) <u>Isolation of Cells to Generate CE and</u> <u>Carrier Cells</u>

Cells to be utilized as CE cells and carrier cells can be selected from a variety of locations in the patient's body. For example, skin punch biopsies provide a readily available source of fibroblasts for use in generating CE cells, with a minimal amount of intrusion to the patient. alternatively, these fibroblasts can be obtained from the tumor sample itself. Cells of hematopoietic origin may be obtained by venipuncture, bone marrow aspiration, lymph node biopsies, or from tumor samples. Other appropriate cells for the generation of CE or carrier cells can be isolated by means known in the art. Non-autologous cells similarly selected and processed can also be used.

(B) Isolation of Genes

Numerous cytokine genes have been cloned and are available for use in this protocol. The genes for IL-2, γ-INF and other cytokines are readily available (1-5, 11-20 14). Cloned genes of the appropriate tumor antigens are isolated according to means known in the art.

Selectable marker genes such as neomycin resistance (Neo^R) are readily available. Incorporation of a selectable marker gene(s) allows for the selection of cells that have successfully received and express the desired genes. Other selectable markers known to those in the art of gene transfer may also be utilized to generate CE cells or carrier cells expressing the desired transgenes.

30 "Suicide" genes can be incorporated into the CE cells or carrier cells to allow for selective inducible killing after stimulation of the immune response. A gene

such as the herpes simplex virus thymidine kinase gene (TK) can be us d to create an inducible destruction of the CE cells or carrier cells. When the CE cells or carrier cells are no longer useful, a drug such as acyclovir 5 gancyclovir can be administered. Either of these drugs will selectively kill cells expressing TK, thus eliminating the implanted transduced cells. Additionally, a suicide gene may be a gene coding for a non-secreted cytotoxic polypeptide attached to an inducible promoter. When 10 destruction of the CE or carrier cells is desired, the appropriate inducer of the promoter is administered so that induced to produce cytotoxic suicide gene is polypeptide which subsequently kills the CE or carrier cell. However, destruction of the CE or carrier cells may 15 not be required.

Genes coding for tumor antigen(s) of interest can be cloned by recombinant methods. The coding sequence of an antigen expressed by multiple tumors may be utilized for many individual patients.

20 (C) Transfer of Genes

Numerous methods are available for transferring genes into cultured cells (15). For example, the appropriate genes can be inserted into vectors such as plasmids or retroviruses and transferred into the cells.

25 Electroporation, lipofection and a variety of other methods are known in the field and can be implemented.

One method for gene transfer is a method similar to that employed in previous human gene transfer studies, where tumor infiltrating lymphocytes (TILs) were modified by retroviral gene transduction and administered to cancer patients (16). In this Phase I safety study of retroviral mediated gene transfer, TILs were genetically modified to express the Neomycin resistance (Neo^R) gene. Following

£

30

intravenous infusion, polymerase chain reaction analyses consistently found genetically modified cells in the circulation for as long as two months after administration. No infectious retroviruses were identified in these patients and no side effects due to gene transfer were noted in any patients (16). These retroviral vectors have been altered to prevent viral replication by the deletion of viral gag, pol and env genes.

When retroviruses are used for gene transfer, theoretically 10 replication competent retroviruses may develop by recombination between the retroviral vector and viral gene sequences in the packaging cell line utilized to produce the retroviral vector. We will use packaging cell lines in which the production of replication competent 15 virus by recombination has been reduced or eliminated. Hence, all retroviral vector supernatants used to infect patient cells will be screened for replication competent virus by standard assays such as PCR and reverse exposure to Furthermore, transcriptase assays (16). 20 replication competent virus may not be harmful. In studies of subhuman primates injected with a large inoculum of replication competent murine retrovirus, the retrovirus was cleared by the primate immune system (17). No clinical illnesses or sequelae resulting from replication competent 25 virus have been observed three years after exposure. summary, it is not expected that patients will be exposed to replication competent murine retrovirus and it appears that such exposure may not be deleterious (17).

(D) <u>Preparation of Immunological Samples of the</u>

<u>Patient's Tumor Antigens or Purified</u>

<u>Recombinant Tumor Antigens</u>

Tumor cells bearing tumor associated antigens are isolated from the patient. These cells can derive either from solid tumors or from leukemic tumors. For solid

WO 93/07906 PCT/US92/08999

tumors, single-cell suspensions can be made by mechanical separation and washing of biopsy tissue (18).

13

Hematopoietic tumors may be isolated from peripheral blood or bone marrow by standard methods (19).

A second variant is the use of homogenates of tumor cells. Such homogenates would contain tumor antigens available for recognition by the patient's immune system upon stimulation by this invention. Either unfractionated cell homogenates, made, for example, by mechanical disruption or by freezing and thawing the cells, or fractions of homogenates preferably with concentrated levels of tumor antigens, can be used.

Likewise, purified tumor antigens, obtained for example by immunoprecipitation or recombinant DNA methods, could be used. Purified antigens would then be utilized for immunizations together with the CE cells and/or carrier cells described above to induce or enhance the patient's immune response to these antigens.

In the embodiments employing carrier cells, tumor

antigens are available through their expression by the
carrier cells. These carrier cells can be injected alone
or in conjunction with other tumor antigen preparations or
CE cells. Likewise, when CE cells are used, purified
recombinant tumor antigen, produced by methods known in the
art, can be used.

If autologous tumor cells are not readily available, heterologous tumor cells, their homogenates, their purified antigens, or carrier cells expressing such antigens could be used.

(E) Inactivation of Tumor Cells

when viable tumor cells are utilized in immunizations as a source of tumor antigens, the tumor cells can be inactivated so that they do not grow in the patient. Inactivation can be accomplished by several methods. the cells can be irradiated prior to immunization (18). This irradiation will be at a level which will prevent their replication. Such viable calls can then present their tumor antigens to the patient's immune system, but cannot multiply to create new tumors.

Alternatively, tumor cells that can be cultured may be transduced with a suicide gene. As described above, a gene such as the herpes simplex thymidine kinase (TK) gene can be transferred into tumor cells to induce their 15 destruction by administration of acyclovir or gancyclovir. After immunization, the TK expressing tumor cells can antigens, capable present their tumor and are After a period of time during which the proliferation. patients's immune response is stimulated, the cells can be This approach might allow longer selectively killed. viability of the tumor cells utilized for immunizations, which may be advantageous in the induction or augmentation of anti-tumor immunity.

(F) Preparation of Samples for Immunization

25 CE cells and/or carrier cells and tumor cells, and/or homogenates of tumor cells and/or purified tumor antigen(s), are combined for patient immunization. Approximately 10⁷ tumor cells will be required. If homogenates of tumor cells or purified or non-purified fractions of tumor antigens are used, the tumor dose can be adjusted based on the normal number of tumor antigens usually present on 10⁷ intact tumor cells. The tumor preparation should be mixed with numbers of CE or carrier

c lls sufficient to secrete cytokine levels that induce anti-tumor immunity (11-12) without producing substantial systemic toxicity which would interfere with therapy.

The cytokines should be produced by the CE cells or the carrier cells at levels sufficient to induce or augment immune response but low enough to avoid substantial systemic toxicity. This prevents side effects created by previous methods' administration of greater than physiological levels of the cytokines.

These mixtures, as well as carrier cells that are utilized alone, will be formulated for injection in any manner known in the art acceptable for immunization. Because it is important that at least the CE cells and carrier cells remain viable, the formulations must be compatible with cell survival. Formulations can be injected subcutaneously, intramuscularly, or in any manner acceptable for immunization.

Contaminants in the preparation which may focus the immune response on undesired antigens should be removed prior to the immunizations.

The following examples are provided for illustration of several embodiments of the invention and should not be interpreted as limiting the scope of the invention.

5

EXAMPLE I

IMMUNIZATION WITH FIBROBLASTS EXPRESSING IL-2 MIXED WITH IRRADIATED TUMOR CELLS

1) Isolation of Autologous Fibroblasts for Use in Generating IL-2 Secreting CE Cells

Skin punch biopsies will be obtained from each patient under sterile conditions. The biopsy tissue will be minced and placed in RPMI 1640 media containing 10% fetal calf serum (or similar media) to establish growth of the skin fibroblasts in culture. The cultured fibroblasts will be utilized to generate IL-2 secreting CE cells by retroviral mediated IL-2 gene transfer.

2) Retroviral Vector Preparation and Generation of IL-2 Secreting CE Cells

The cultured skin fibroblasts will then be 15 infected with a retroviral vector containing the IL-2 and Neomycin resistance (NeoR) genes. An N2 vector containing the NeoR gene will be used, and has been previously utilized by a number of investigators for in vitro and in vivo work, 20 including investigations with human subjects (16). The IL-2 vector will be generated from an N2-derived vector, LLRNL, developed and described by Friedmann and his It will be made by replacement of the colleagues (20). luciferase gene of LLRNL with a full-length cDNA encoding Retroviral vector free of contaminating 25 human IL-2. replication-competent virus is produced by transfection of vector plasmid constructions into the helper-free packaging cell line PA317. Before infection of patients' cells, the vector will have been shown to be free of helper virus. In 30 the event that helper virus is detected, the vector will be produc d in the GP + envAM12 packaging cell line in which

the viral gag and pol genes are separated from the env, further reducing the likelihood of helper virus production.

3) Transduction Protocol

fibroblasts will cultured primary 5 incubated with supernatant from the packaging cell line as described (20). Supernatant from these cells will be tested for adventitious agents and replication competent virus as described (16) and outlined in Table 1. fibroblasts are washed and then grown in culture media 10 containing G418, (a neomycin analogue) to select for transduced cells expressing the NeoR gene. The G418resistant cells will be tested for expression of the IL-2 gene by measuring the concentration of IL-2 in the culture supernatant by an enzyme linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA) 15 (12). G418-resilient cells expressing IL-2 will be stored -70°C until required for subsequent immunizations.

Table 1

Adventitious Agents and Safety Testing 20 Sterility 1. 2. Mycoplasma 3. General Safety 4. Viral Testing LCM Virus 25 Thymic agent S+/L- eco S+/L-xeno S+/L- ampho 3T3 amplification 30 MRC-5/Vero

4) Preparation of Irradiated Tumor Cells

indicated form clinically obtained Tumors surgical resections or from superficial lymph node or skin metastases will be minced into 2-3 mm pieces and treated 5 with collagenase and DNAse to facilitate separation of the tumor into a single cell suspension. The collected cells will be centrifuged and washed in RPMI 1640 media and then cryopreserved in a solution containing 10% dimethyl sulphoxide and 50% fetal calf serum in RPMI 1640 media. 10 The cells will be stored in liquid nitrogen until the time Prior to their use in subcutaneous of administration. immunizations, the cells will be thawed, washed in media free of immunogenic contaminants, and irradiated with 4,000 rads per minute for a total of 20,000 rads in a cesium irradiator. 15

5) Patient Selection

Patients will have a histologically confirmed diagnosis of cancer. Patients with tumors that must be resected for therapeutic purposes or with tumors readily accessible for biopsy are most appropriate for this embodiment of the invention.

6) Pretreatment Evaluation

The following pretreatment evaluations will be performed:

25 1) History and physical examination including a description and quantification of disease activity.

5

20

- 2) Performance Status Assessment
 - 0 = Normal, no symptoms
 - 1 = Restricted, but ambulatory
 - 2 = Up greater than 50% of waking hours, capable of self-care
 - 3 = Greater than 50% of waking hours
 confined to bed or chair, limited
 self-care
 - 4 = Bedridden
- 10 3) Pretreatment Laboratory:

CBC with differential, platelet count, PT, PTT, glucose, BUN, creatinine, electrolytes, SGOT, SGPT, LDH, alkaline phosphatase, bilirubin, uric acid, calcium, total protein albumin.

15 4) Other Analyses: Urinalysis

CH₅₀, C₃ and C₄ serum complement levels

Immunophenotyping of peripheral blood B cell and

T cell subsets

Assays for detectable replication-competent virus in peripheral blood cells

PCR assays of peripheral blood leukocytes for Neo^R, IL-2 and viral env

- 5) Other Pretreatment Evaluation:
- Chest X-ray and other diagnostic studies including computerized tomography (CT), magnetic resonance imaging (MRI) or radionuclide scans may be performed to document and quantify the extent of disease activity.
- Follow-up evaluations of these assessments at 30 regular intervals during the course of therapy (approximately every 1 to 3 months) will be useful in determining response to therapy and potential toxicity,

permitting adjustments in the number of immunizations administered.

7) Restrictions on Concurrent Therapy

For optimal effects of this treatment, patients should receive no concurrent therapy which is known to suppress the immune system.

8) Final Formulation

immunizations with a mixture if irradiated tumor cells and autologous fibroblast CE cells genetically modified to secrete IL-2. Approximately 10' tumor cells will be mixed with 10' fibroblasts known to secrete at least 20 units/ml of IL-2 in tissue culture when semi-confluent (12). The irradiated tumor cells and genetically modified fibroblasts will be placed in a final volume of 0.2 ml normal saline for immunization.

9) Dose Adjustments

At least two subcutaneous immunizations will be administered, two weeks apart, with irradiated tumor cells and autologous fibroblasts genetically modified to secrete IL-2. If no toxicity is observed, subsequent booster immunizations may be administered periodically (at least one week apart) to optimize the anti-tumor immune response.

J) Treatment of Potential Toxicity

Toxic side effects are not expected to result from these immunizations. However, potential side effects of these immunizations are treatable in the following manner:

If massive tumor cell lysis results, any resulting uric acid nephropathy, adult respiratory distress syndrome, disseminated intravascular coagulation or hyperkalemia will be treated using standard methods.

5 Local toxicity at the sites of immunization will be treated with either topical steroids and/or surgical excision of the injection site as deemed appropriate.

Hypersensitivity reactions such as chills, fever treated symptomatically with and/or rash will be 10 antipyretics and antihistamines. Patients should not be Should arthralgias, prophylactically. treated lymphadenopathy or renal dysfunction occur, treatment with corticosteroids and/or antihistamines will be instituted. Anaphylaxis will be treated by standard means such as 15 administration of epinephrine, fluids, and steroids.

EXAMPLE II

A. <u>Retroviral IL-2 Gene Transfer and Expression in</u> Fibroblasts

Retroviral vectors were employed to transfer and 20 express IL-2 and neomycin phosphotransferase genes in murine and primary human fibroblasts. The retroviral DC/TKIL2 produced by Gilboa and co-workers (Gansbacher, et al., J. Exp. Med. 172:1217-1223, 1990, which is incorporated herein by reference) was utilized to 25 transduce murine fibroblasts for application in an animal tumor model (see Section B below). Human fibroblasts were transduced with the retroviral vector LXSN-RI-IL2. Schematic diagrams of the structure of these retroviral vectors are provided in Figure 1. A more complete 30 description of the LXSN-RI-IL2 vector, including its nucleotide sequence, is provided in Example III and in Tables 2, 3 and 4.

Following infection with the described vectors and selection for 2-3 weeks in growth media containing the neomycin analogue G418, Balb/c and human embryonic fibroblast culture supernatants were harvested and tested for IL-2 by an enzyme-linked immunosorbent assay (ELISA). Figure 2 depicts the levels of IL-2 secreted by the transduced fibroblasts.

These results can be confirmed using negative control fibroblasts infected with an N2-derived retroviral vector expressing an irrelevant gene such as luciferase or B-galactosidase and studies with adult human fibroblasts.

Biological activity of the IL-2 expressed by the transduced human fibroblasts was confirmed by a cell proliferation bioassay employing an IL-2 dependent T cell line. In this assay, supernatant from the transduced fibroblasts and control unmodified fibroblasts were incubated with the IL-2 dependent T cell line CTLL-2. Incorporation of ³H-thymidine was measured as an indicator of cell proliferation and IL-2 activity (Figure 3).

20 B. <u>Efficacy of Transduced Fibroblasts in an Animal</u> Tumor Model

The efficacy of fibroblasts genetically modified to secrete IL-2 was tested in an animal model of colorectal carcinoma. In these studies, the Balb/c CT26 tumor cell line was injected subcutaneously with Balb/c fibroblasts transduced to express IL-2. Control groups included animals injected with 1) a mixture of CT26 tumor cells and unmodified fibroblasts; 2) CT26 tumor cells without fibroblasts and 3) transduced fibroblasts alone. No tumors were detected in 3/8 animals treated with transduced fibroblasts and CT26 cells. In contrast, all untreated control animals (8/8) injected with CT26 tumor cells developed palpable tumors. No tumors were detected in the

animals inoculated with transduced fibroblasts without CT26 The mean CT26 tumor size in Balb/c mice tumor cells. injected with the secreting fibroblasts IL-2 considerably smaller compared to the control groups (Figure A multivariate non-parametric statistical procedure (Koziol, et al., Biometries 37:383-390, 1981 and Koziol, et al., Computer Prog. Biomed. 19:69-74, 1984, which is incorporated herein by reference) was utilized to evaluate differences in tumor growth among the treatment groups. The tumor growth curves for the four treatment groups presented in Figure 4 were significantly different (p=0.048). Subsequent comparisons between treatment groups revealed a significant difference (p < 0.05) in tumor growth between animals injected with CT26 tumor cells alone 15 and animals treated with 2 x 106 transduced fibroblasts and CT26 tumor cells (Figure 4).

EXAMPLE III

A. <u>Project Overview</u>

Lymphokine gene therapy of cancer will be 20 evaluated in cancer patients who have failed conventional An N2-derived vector containing the neomycin phosphotransferase gene will be used. This vector has been employed by a number of investigators for in vitro and in <u>vivo</u> studies including recently approved investigations 25 with human subjects (Rosenberg et al., N. Eng. J. Med., 323:570-578, 1990). The lymphokine vectors used in this investigation will be generated from the N2-derived vector, LXSN, developed and described by Miller et al., Mol. Cell Biol. 6:2895, 1986 and Miller et al., BioTechniques 7:980, 30 1989, which are incorporated herein by reference. vector LXSN-RI-IL2 contains human IL-2 cDNA under the control of the retroviral 5' LTR promoter and the neomycin phosphotransferase gene under the control of the SV40 promoter (see Figure 1). The normal human IL-2 leader

sequence has been replaced with a chimeric sequence containing rat insulin and human IL-2 leader sequences (see Tables 2, 3 and 4). This chimeric leader sequence enhances IL-2 gene expression.

LXSN-RI-IL2 vector, construct the To 5 bacterial plasmid pBC12/CMV/IL2 (Cullen, B.R., DNA 7:645-650, 1988, which is incorporated herein by reference) containing the full-length IL-2 cDNA and chimeric leader sequence was digested with HindIII and the ends were IL-2 CDNA Klenow polymerase. blunted using 10 subsequently released from the plasmid by digestion with The IL-2 fragment was purified by electrophoresis in a 1% agarose gel and the appropriate band was extracted utilizing a glass powder method. Briefly, the gel slice 15 was dissolved in 4M NaI at 55°. After cooling to room temperature, 4 μ l of oxidized silica solution (BIO-101, La Jolla, CA) was added to adsorb the DNA. The silica was ythen washed with a cold solution of 50% ethanol containing The DNA was eluted from the 0.1 M NaCl in TE buffer. 20 silica by heating at 55° in distilled H₂O. The purified IL-2 cDNA was then directionally ligated into the HpaI-BamHI A more complete cloning sites of the pLXSN vector. description of the pLXSN-RI-IL2 vector and its partial nucleotide sequence are provided in Tables 2, 3, 4, 5 and 25 6.

Table 2

Description of the LXSN-RI-IL2 from position 1 to 6365

Bases	Description
1-589	Moloney murine sarcoma virus 5' LTR
659-1458	The sequence of the extended packaging signal
1469-2151	IL-2 cDNA with chimeric leader sequence
1469-1718	IL-2 chimeric leader sequence
1647-1718	coding region of the signal peptide
1719-2151	Mature IL-2 coding sequence
2158-2159	Mo mu sarcoma virus end/SV 40 start
2159-2503	Simian virus 40 early promoter
2521-2522	Simian virus DNA end/TnS DNA start
2557-3351	Neomycin phosphotransferase
3370-3371	Tn5 DNA end/Moloney murine leukemia virus start
3411-4004	Moloney murine leukemia virus 3' LTR
4073-4074	Moloney murine leukemia DNA end/pBR322 DNA start
4074-6365	Plasmid backbone

26

Table 3

	Enzyme	[# Cuts	5] Po	osition	(s)			
Aatl	ſ	2]	1961,	2481				
Aat2	[2]	811,	6295				
Acc1	[.	1]	4252				•	
Acc2	[2751, 4186,	19] 3052, 4527,	392, 3084, 5108,	394, , 3807 , 5438	445, , 3809, , 5931,	969, , 4081, , 6263	971, , 4083,	1193,
Acy1	E	5]	808,	2685,	3860,	5910,	6292	
Afl1	[3201,	13] 3676,	260, 3689,	273, 3744	328, , 4041,	626, 5511,	756, 5733	1277,
Afl2	[4]	34,	1064,	1955,	3446		•
Af13	1	2]	1592,	4480	•			
Aha1	[789, 4017,	20] 2689, 4059,	161, 2849, 4126,	237, 3578, 4161,	473, 3653, 4860,	474, 3888, 5556,	602, 3889, 5907	644,
Aha2	Į	5]	808,	2685,	3860,	5910,	6292	
Aha3	Ĺ							e.
Alul	[734, 2500, 3826, 4784,	33] 742, 2791, 4069, 5041,	29, 1470, 3249, 4122, 5562,	33, 1486, 3441, 4141, 5662,	119, 1751, 3445, 4422,	190, 1935, 3532, 4648,	411, 2003, 3607, 4738,	654, 2446,
Alwl	2529,	2553,	2864	. 2929,	, 3110,	4027	2147, 5041, 6010	
AlwN1					3647,	4896		
Aoc1	E	2]	847,	1076				
Acc2	[2631, 3841,	19] 2724, 4012,	323, 2798, 4300,	413, 2988, 4798,	426, 3050, 5959,	597, 3739, 6044	1583, 3828,	1721,
Aosl	[2]	2787,	5595			•	
ApaL1	E	4 }	1717,	4296,	4794,	6040		

Apy1	[1275, 2196, 4629,	22] 1295, 2251, 4642	315, 1325, 2268,	623, 1526, 3072	801, , 1536, , 3731,	814, 1558, 4038	1227, , 1630 , 4508	1252, ,
Aqu1	I	6]	241,	472,	1998,	3821,	3854,	3887
Ase1	1	2]	1801,	5545				
Asp700	[1}	5972					
Asp718	[2]	476,	3891				
AspA1	[1]	1145			-		
Asu1	626, 1532, 3676,	756, 1649,	826, 3201,	839, 3541,	245, 1043, 3586, 5415,	1254, 3616,	1277, 3661,	,
Aval	[6]	241,	472,	1998,	3821,	3854,	3887
Ava2	[3201,	13] 3676,	260, 3689,	273, 3744,	328, 4041,	626, 5511,	756, 5733	1277,
Ava3	[2]	2232,	2304	. *			
Avr2	[2]	1962,	2482				
Ball	1	3]	658,	1169,	2767		•	•
BamH1	1.	1]	2152					
Ban1	3859,	9] 3891,	318, 5321	476,	1200,	2684,	2719,	3734,
Ban2	[3841,	8] 4012	413,	426,	597,	1583,	3050,	3828,
Bbe1	Į.	2] 2	2688,	3863				
Bbv1	2800, 4372,	22] 2816, 4390, 5802	969, 2909, 4809,	997, 3321, 4899,	1738, 4060, 4902,	2493, 4131, 5108,	2632, 4228, 5411,	2758,
Bcl1	[1] 2	2526					
Bgl1	ſ	2] 2	2435,	5493		•		
Bsp12861	2631,	2724,	2798,	2988,	426, 3050, 5959,	3739,	1583, 3828,	1721,

28

```
6313
                                   6208,
                          5200,
             Ε
                   31
BspH1
                                                   2953
                                   2500,
                                           2572,
                          1501,
             Г
                   4]
BspM1
                                          3082, 3807
                          392,
                                 443,
                   4]
BssH2
             [
                          1145
BstE2
             [
                   1]
          [ 22] 315, 623, 801, 814, 1227, 1252, 1275, 1295, 1325, 1526, 1536, 1558, 1630, 2196, 2251, 2268, 3072, 3731, 4038, 4508,
BstN1
          4629, 4642
          [ 19] 392, 394, 445, 969, 971, 1
2751, 3052, 3084, 3807, 3809, 4081, 4083,
4186, 4527, 5108, 5438, 5931, 6263
                                                             971, 1193,
BstU1
                          2060
             ľ
                   1]
BstX1
                         2010, 2152, 2521, 2856, 3102, 5121,
BstY1
          5132, 5218, 5230, 5998, 6015
                           847, 1076
Bsu36I
             Γ
                   2]
                          1998
Ccrl
             E
                   1]
                           394, 396, 445, 447, 714,
                                                                        971,
Cfo1
                  311
          2679, 2687, 2751, 2788, 3054, 3084, 3086,
                   3809, 3811, 3862, 4083, 4186, 4216,
          3314,
                  4390, 4660, 4727, 4827, 5001, 5110, 5596, 5933, 6265
          4357,
          5503,
                                    790, 1167, 1188, 2591, 2765,
                          656,
Cfr1
                   9 T
          3156, 3183, 5761
                          3004, 3185,
                                          5453
Cfr10I
                   3]
           Ε
                           169,
                                             245,
                                                      260,
                                                               273, 328,
                                 200,
                  29]
Cfr13I
                                                    1254,
                                           1043,
                                                              1277,
                           826, 839,
          626,
                  756,
                   1649, 3201, 3541, 3586, 3616, 3661,
          1532,
                  3689, 3744, 4041, 5415, 5494, 5511,
          3676,
          5733,
                   6349
                           847, 1076
CvnI
            I
                   2]
          [ 23] 75, 165, 191, 282, 553, 1076, 1348, 1692, 2442, 3348, 3487, 3582, 3657, 3698, 3879, 3967, 4290, 4755, 5164, 5330, 5870, 6296
                                                                      847,
Dde1
          [ 30] 95, 1104, 1236, 1421, 1659, 2012, 2154, 2523, 2528, 2547, 2858, 2936, 3017, 3026, 3104, 3507, 4021, 5048, 5123, 5134, 5142, 5220, 5232, 5337, 5678, 5696, 5742,
Dpn1
          6000.
                   6017, 6053
```

```
Dra1
             I
                   3]
                        5239,
                                 5258,
                                         5950
Dra2
             ſ
                   4]
                          328,
                                 1277,
                                         3744,
                                                 6349
Eae1
                   91
                          656,
                                  790,
                                         1167,
                                                 1188,
                                                          2591, 2765,
          3156,
                  3183,
                          5761
Eag1
            [
                         790,
                  2]
                                 2591
Eco47I
                          260, 273, 328, 626, 756, 3689, 3744, 4041, 5511, 5733
                 13]
                         260,
          3201,
                 3676,
Eco52I
            ſ
                  2]
                          790,
                                 2591
Eco81I
            ſ
                  2]
                         847,
                                 1076
EcoN1
            E
                  2]
                         850,
                                 1450
Eco01091
                  4]
                         328,
                                 1277,
                                         3744, 6349
EcoR1
            [
                  1]
                        1460
EcoR1*
                 14]
                        938, 1037, 1460, 1798, 1805, 1928,
          2064, 2121, 2236, 2308, 2400, 5240, 5546,
          5801
                  1293, 1323, 1524, 1534, 1556, 1628, 2249, 2266, 3070, 3729, 4036. 4506, 4640
EcoR2
                 22]
          1273,
          2194,
          4627,
                  4640
EcoR5
            [
                  4]
                         137,
                                 213, 3554,
                                                 3629
EcoT22I
            ſ
                  2]
                        2232,
                                2304
Fdi2
                        2787,
                                5595
            [
                  2]
Fnu4H1
                         793, 967, 983, 986, 1191, 1752, 2594, 2646, 2657, 2747, 2752,
                 41]
                         793,
         2430,
                  2507,
                         2917,
         2789,
                  2830,
                                  2920,
                                           2923,
                                                   3159,
                                                            3255,
                  3310,
                         4074,
         3296,
                                  4120,
                                           4217,
                                                   4270,
                                                            4386,
         4404,
                  4407,
                         4525,
                                  4680,
                                           4823,
                                                   4888,
                                                            4891,
         5097,
                  5425,
                          5614,
                                  5764,
                                           5791.
                                                   5886,
                                                            6115
                 19] 392, 394, 445, 969, 971,
3052, 3084, 3807, 3809, 4081, 4083,
4527, 5108, 5438, 5931, 6263
FnuD2
                 191
                                                          971, 1193,
         2751,
         4186,
Fok1
                 3] 498, 1198, 1358, 1679, 2333,
3034, 3912, 4168, 5339, 5520, 5807
                                                                  2552,
         3009,
Fsp1
            1
                  2]
                        2787, 5595
Hae2
            [
                  4]
                        2688,
                                3863, 4358,
                                                 4728
```

```
247,
                                                  658,
                                                                   828,
                                                           792,
                                 202,
                         171,
Hae3
                 351
                                 1190, 1255,
                                                  1534,
                                                          1650,
                 1045,
                         1169,
          840,
                          2423, 2429, 2438, 2481, 2593,
                 1961,
          1866,
                         3185, 3543, 3588, 3618, 3663,
4524, 4958, 5416, 5496, 5763,
                 3158,
          2767,
          4495,
                 4506,
          6350
                                                                   789,
                                                           643,
                                                  601,
                                          473,
                                 237,
Hap2
                 30]
                         161,
                          2689, 2717, 2848, 2938, 3005, 3653, 3888, 4016, 4058, 4126, 4834, 4860, 5050, 5454, 5488,
         2590, 2667,
                  3578,
          3186,
                 4687,
          4160,
                  5665,
                          5907
          5555,
                                                 1580, 4175, 4591,
                                 707,
                                          960,
                         455,
Hgal
         5169,
                 5899
                                                         3828, 4300,
                                1721, 2798, 2988,
                         413,
HgiAl
                  9]
          4798, 5959, 6044
                                                                   971,
                                                          714,
                                 396,
                                          445,
                                                  447,
                         394,
Hha1
                 311
                          2751, 2788, 3054, 3084, 3086, 3811, 3862, 4083, 4186, 4216, 4660, 4727, 4827, 5001, 5110,
          2679, 2687,
         3314, 3809,
                                  4727,
         4357, 4390, 4660,
         5503, 5596, 5933,
                                  6265
                                         443, 445,
                                                          712,
                                 394,
                         392,
HinP1
                 311
                 2685, 2749, 2786, 3052, 3082, 3084,
         2677,
                                  3860, 4081, 4184, 4214,
                  3807,
                          3809,
         3312,
                                         4825, 4999, 5108,
                                  4725,
                         4658,
         4355,
                  4388,
                  5594, 5931,
                                  6263
         5501,
                        5914
Hinc2
            L
                  1]
                        5914
Hind2
            E
                  1]
                        2498
Hind3
            E
                  1]
         [ 14] 298, 517, 857, 868, 1553, 1814, 3170, 3304, 3356, 3881, 4380, 4455, 4851,
Hinfl
         5368
                                                          643,
                                                                  789,
                         161,
                                237,
                                        473, 601,
                 30]
Hpa2
         2590, 2667, 2689, 2717, 2848, 2938, 3005, 3186, 3578, 3653, 3888, 4016, 4058, 4126, 4160, 4687, 4834, 4860, 5050, 5454, 5488,
         5555, 5665,
                          5907
         [ 11] 1214, 1240, 1817, 2863, 4102, 4111, 5216, 5443, 5859, 6065, 6100
Hph1
                         480,
                                3895
Kpn1
            £
                  2]
                                293, 689, 727, 739, 1452,
                          30,
Mael
                 151
                         1963, 2483, 3442, 3709, 4975,
         1606, 1893,
         5228, 5563
```

Mae2	[4233,	11] 5183,	808, 1139, 1180, 19 5599, 5972, 6292	87, 2801, 2988,
Mae3	[1706, 4899,	20] 2805, 5015,	38, 1052, 1080, 11 3111, 3450, 4134, 5298, 5629, 5687,	45, 1289, 1478, 4229, 4836, 5840, 6028
Mbo1	[2152, 3024, 5140, 5998,	30] 2521, 3102, 5218, 6015,	93, 1102, 1234, 14 2526, 2545, 2856, 3 3505, 4019, 5046, 5 5230, 5335, 5676, 6051	19, 1657, 2010, 2934, 3015, 5121, 5132, 5694, 5740,
Mbo2	1911,	3046,	144, 1145, 1356, 15 3256, 3336, 4351, 6155, 6351	75, 1617, 1908, 5142, 5213,
Mnll	841, 1378, 1620, 2455, 3092, 3974,	939, 1408, 1909, 2458, 3286, 4054,	291, 444, 508, 51 1227, 1330, 1363, 1361 1411, 1426, 1433, 1921, 2412, 2418, 132 2470, 2508, 2535, 13707, 3859, 3878, 14087, 4117, 4379, 15392, 5540, 5746, 16	369, 1372, 1449, 1559, 2443, 2449, 2599, 2735, 3923, 3948, 4587, 4662,
Msel	[1843, 5186, 5949,	22] 1956, 5238, 6321	35, 1065, 1177, 126 1971, 2124, 2139, 5 5243, 5257, 5310, 5	07, 1231, 1801, 3447, 4261, 5545, 5584,
Mspl	[2590, 3186, 4160, 5555,	30] 2667, 3578, 4687, 5665,	161, 237, 473, 60 2689, 2717, 2848, 2 3653, 3888, 4016, 4 4834, 4860, 5050, 5	01, 643, 789, 2938, 3005, 4058, 4126, 5454, 5488,
Mst1	E	2] 2	787, 5595	
Mst2	[2]	347, 1076	•
Mval	2196,	1295,	315, 623, 801, 81 1325, 1526, 1536, 1 2268, 3072, 3731,	1558, 1630,
Nael	[1] 3	187	
Narl	[2] 2	3860	•
Nci1	789, 4017,	20] 2689, 4059,	161, 237, 473, 42 2849, 3578, 3653, 38 4126, 4161, 4860, 5	74, 602, 644, 888, 3889, 5556, 5907
Nco1	[2] 2	389, 3117	

```
4303
            ſ
                   11
Nde1
                           93, 1102, 1234, 1419, 1657, 2010, 2526, 2545, 2856, 2934, 3015, 3505, 4019, 5046, 5121, 5132, 5230, 5335, 5676, 5694, 5740,
                 301
Nde2
          2152,
                  2521,
          3024,
                  3102,
                  5218,
          5140,
                  6015,
                           6051
          5998,
                                 1605, 3441
                           29,
                   3]
            ſ
Nhe1
                           61, 1263, 1596, 1649, 1835, 1856,
                 261
Nla3
                           2302, 2393, 2559, 2904, 3090,
          2030, 2230,
                           3473, 4119, 4224,
5783, 5819, 6212,
                                                    4484,
          3121, 3147,
          5695, 5705,
                                                                     627,
                                                    320,
                                                             478,
                         153, 246, 262,
959, 1202, 1279,
                                           262,
                 281
Nla4
                                                   2154,
                                                             2200,
                   827,
          758,
                  2686, 2721, 3678, 3736, 3861,
                                                              3893,
          2272,
                  4512, 4551, 5323, 5417, 5458,
                                                             5669,
          4042,
          6259
                                 2304
                   2]
                         2232,
            ٢
Nsil
                         1596, 1835, 1856, 2230, 2302, 3090,
                   81
Nsp(7524)1[
          4119, 4484
          1)2[ 19] 323, 413, 426, 597, 1583, 1721, 2631, 2724, 2798, 2988, 3050, 3739, 3828, 3841, 4012, 4300, 4798, 5959, 6044
Nsp(7524)2[ 19]
          [ 12] 119, 190, 1751, 2158, 2791, 3532, 3607, 3989, 4192, 4822, 5067, 6008
NspB2
                         1596, 1835, 1856, 2230, 2302,
                                                                    3090,
                   81
NspH1
          4119, 4484
            I
                   1]
                         1998
PaeR7I
                                                    658, 792,
                                           247,
                                                                      828,
                                   202,
Pal1
                  35]
                          171,
                                 1190, 1255,
                                                    1534, 1650,
          840,
                  1045, 1169,
          1866, 1961, 2423, 2429, 2438, 2481, 2593, 2767, 3158, 3185, 3543, 3588, 3618, 3663, 4495, 4506, 4524, 4958, 5416, 5496, 5763,
          6350
                          865, 1547, 3350, 3889, 4374, 4859,
Ple1
                   7]
          5362
             ľ
                   3]
                          328,
                                  1277,
                                          3744
PpuM1
                                                   6352
                                  1280,
                                          3747,
             I
                   4]
                          331,
Pss1
                                                   2511, 2738, 5618
                          987,
                                  1163,
                                          1888,
Pst1
             [
                   6]
             E
                         5743
Pvul
                   1]
```

```
Pvu2
           [
                 6]
                        119,
                               190,
                                      1751,
                                              2791,
                                                      3532,
                                                              3607
Rsa1
                10]
                               478,
                                       725,
                                              1342,
                                                              1597,
                       347,
                                                      1519,
         2991,
                 3893,
                        4288,
                               5853
Rsr2
           [
                 1]
                       3201
Sac1
           [
                 2]
                       413,
                              3828
Sau1
           [
                 2]
                       847,
                              1076
                        93, 1102, 1234, 1419, 1657, 2010, 2526, 2545, 2856, 2934, 3015,
Sau3A1
                30]
         2152,
                 2521,
                               4019, 5046,
5335, 5676,
                 3102,
         3024,
                         3505,
                                                5121,
                                                        5132,
         5140,
                 5218,
                         5230,
                                                5694, 5740,
         5998,
                 6015,
                         6051
Sau96I
                29]
                       169,
                               200,
                                       245,
                                               260,
                                                       273,
                                                               328,
         626,
                        826,
                 756,
                                839, 1043,
                                              1254,
                                                       1277,
                        3201,
         1532,
                 1649,
                                3541, 3586, 3616, 3661,
         3676,
                 3689,
                        3744, 4041, 5415, 5494, 5511,
         5733,
                 6349
Sca1
           [
                 1]
                      5853
ScrF1
                               237,
                                               473,
               42]
                                       315,
                                                       474, 602,
252, 1275,
                       161,
                                      814, 1227, 1252,
         623,
                 644,
                        789,
                                801,
         1295,
                1325,
                        1526,
                                1536,
                                       1558,
                                                1630, 2196,
                        2689,
                                        3072,
         2251,
                2268,
                               2849,
                                                        3653,
                                                3578,
                                4017,
         3731,
                 3888,
                        3889,
                                        4038,
                                                4059, 4126,
         4161,
                4508,
                        4629,
                                4642,
                                        4860,
                                                5556,
                                                        5907
         [ 19] 323, 413,
2631, 2724, 2798, 2988,
Sdu1
                                       426,
                                               597, 1583, 1721,
                                       3050, 3739, 3828,
               4012,
         3841,
                       4300,
                               4798, 5959,
                                                6044
                                                      472, 536,
813, 1225,
1962,
Sec1
               38]
                       159,
                                       314,
                                               324,
                               235,
         621,
                        760,
                622,
                                799,
                                       800,
                                               812,
                                       1525,
         1294,
                1303,
                        1323,
                                1324,
                                                1557,
         2194,
                2266,
                        2389,
                                        2433,
                                                2482,
                                2424,
                                                        2848,
         3117,
                3576,
                        3651,
                                3730,
                                        3740,
                                                3887,
         4036,
                4037,
                        4640
SfaN1
                23] 258, 520, 997, 1657, 2107, 2239, 2643, 2898, 2984, 3048, 3114, 3323,
                       258,
               231
         2311,
                       4146,
         3674,
                3934,
                               4281, 4317, 4357, 4577,
         5629,
                5820,
                        6069
Sfi1
           1]
                      2435
Sma1
           [
                2]
                       474,
                              3889
Spel
           1]
                       726
Sph1
           [
                      1835,
                4]
                             2230, 2302,
                                             3090
```

Ssp1	[1]	6177					
Sstl	£	2]	413,	3828				
Stul	Į.	2]	1961,	2481				
Sty1	[3117,	9] 3740	324, , 3950	536,	1303,	1962,	2389,	2482,
Taql	2514,	15] 2798 6024	860, , 2954,	1096, , 2978,	1407, 3014	1418, , 3176	1660, , 3367	1999, ,
Thal	2751.	3052	392, , 3084, , 5108,	, 3807,	, 3809	, 4081	, 4083	1193,
Tth111I	[6]	465,	877,	1275,	2803,	3880,	4227
Tth111I Xbal					1275,	2803,	3880,	4227
	Ι	2]	1892,		1275,	2803,	3880,	4227
Xbal Xhol	[2] 1] 11]	1892,	3708 2152,	2521,	2856,		
Xbal Xhol	[[5132,	2] 1] 11] 5218,	1892, 1998 2010,	3708 2152, , 5998,	2521,	2856,		
Xbal Xhol Xho2	[[5132, [2] 1] 111 5218,	1892, 1998 2010, 5230,	3708 , 2152, , 5998, 3887	2521, 6015	2856,		
Xbal Xhol Xho2 Xmal	[5132, [2] 1] 11] 5218, 2]	1892, 1998 2010, 5230, 472, 790,	3708 , 2152, , 5998, 3887	2521,	2856,		

Table 4

Enzymes which do not cut LXSNRII.L2:

Acc3 SnaB1	Bgl2	Clal	Hpa1	Nru1
Apal Spl1	Bsml	Dra3	Mlu1	PflM1
Asu2 Sst2	BspM2	Eco47III	Mrol	Sac2
Ban3	BstB1	Esp1	Not1	Sal1

Table 5

---+0009----3000+-----4000+----5000+-------1-+--1-112--1-+12--1--12 ---11-+-----11--2112--------+--1----1 ----1000+----2000+---Numbered from position 1. ٨ ______ 1 1 --3---11--+---1 --1---1-2-+--23 _______ 211-1--12--+---11--2-2-1-+---------------1------1111-1----21 Mo-MuSV 5' long ter LXSNRII.L2 neomycin phosphotra Mo-MuLV 3' long ter signal [Split] to 683 of RIIL2 Asp700 Asp718 AspA1 ApaL1 From 1 to 6365. Alwn1 Aat1 Aat2 Aoc2 Apy 1 Agul Asel Acc2 Af12 Aha2 Acy1 Aha1 Aha3 Aos1 Acc1 Aoc1 Alul Alw1

SUBSTITUTE SHEET

	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +
111111111111111111111111111111111111111	121	1-1-12221-221-12-11-12-11-11-11-11-11-11
11-21		
41. 21. 21. 21. 21. 11. 11. 11. 11. 11. 1	1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	
		111111111111111111111111111111111111111
11-11-	11-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	11-+3-
		+ + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +
	23 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	
12-+1-		+++++++++++++
	1111	3 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -
19		111111111111111111111111111111111111111
10	BepHl BepMl BasH2 BstE2 BstVl BstVl BstXl BstXl	Cfol Cfrl Cfrl01 Cfrl31 Cvnl Ddel Dpnl Dra2 Bael Eael Eagl
	U H H H H H H D D	оооооооо

	1111-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-1
	111
2 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -	211
22	11-111111111111111111111111111111111111
77	1
11111111111111111111111111111111111111	11211 -11211 -11 -3-11 -262-1
	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
233111111111111111111111111111111111111	2 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 - 1 -
	1
EGO811 EGO811 EGON1 EGON1 EGOR1 EGOR1 EGOR2 EGOR2 EGOR2 EGOR2 EGOR2 EGOR2 EGOR2 EGOR3 EGOR1 EGOR	Hinds Hinfl Hpa2 Hpb1 Mae1 Mbo1 Mb01 Mse1 Mst1
BBBBBBBBFFFFF	M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M M

+22212111
11-21211111111-
+3+1 +11-+1 1-13-11211 +1-111-11+12 +1-111-11+12 1-1111-+12 1-111-11 1-111
2-1-223-31
Myal Nasi Nasi Ncoi Ncoi Ncoi Ndel Ncoi Ndel Ndel Nhel Nhel Nhel Nhel Nhel Nhel Nsil Nsp(7524)1 NspH NspH NspH NspH NspH NspH NspH NspH

		1+1-	1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
		+11		+	777		
		212121					
	 111	- L L-3-1 1+2-			*		:
1-+11						+	
		-14-1-2-	+				
	 11	21					

Sphi Stul Stul Stul Stul Ghal Chol Chol Chol Chol Chol Chol Chol

a	
آ ۔	
Ω	
ı	
:	
_	

from 1 to 6365. Numbered from position 1.

1000+6000+3000+4000+5000+6000+				2121	1+1	-112-2-1-4	211-1-12	1-1-1-21-31	
-Musy S' long ter	1 c 603 f MILLS necey is phosphotra -Muly 3' long tor	olgna1 Aet1	Ast2 Acc1		AC11 AC12 AC13	Ahea Ahea	A141	April April April Asproo	

-11--12+1-1-1-1-****** *************** --12-1--1 --1114---2-1----Table 5 (Cont'd) -111-11----1-11214---1 -11---1 1-7-1 --33---112-+1-11--11---+ -1-1-from 1 to 6365. Numbered from position 1. --1--1-------1-----111-----11---111-2 -Kufv 5. long ter nacerela phesphotra -Hully 3' long ter LESHAIIL2 C MILL Jep12061 Asp718 Ignel Aspal Bepar Asul Ave 1 Ave. Ares Aves 3 3 1 2112 De11 (spile) 33

from 1 to 6365. Numbered from position 1.

Table 5 (Cont'd)

from 1 to 6365. Numbered from position 1.

,	3	
u	n	
- L 1 - E	Table	
		1

from 1 to 6365. Numbered from position 1.

000 9	1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-
8	
	3-31
800 •	
0000	
1 1	
7 000	
10001	-11-2 + -23-31 - +-3 - +1 - +1 - +1 - +1 - +1 - +1
•	11-1-2-1-11
* long ter * long ter * long ter * long ter	Meti Meti Meti Meti Meti Meti Meti Meti Meti Meti Meti Meti Meti Meti Meti Meti Meti Meti Meti
	Kets Kets
LESHRILLZ Hugy S. long to [Split] to 683 of AIIL2 Agria phosphotz Huly 3. long to	

	Table 5 (Cont'd)
from 1 t 4365. Hu	4365. Numbered from position 1.
-	ž.
(Spile)	A
to 603 of Allea	
-Muly 14 phosphotra	ATTION
eignei	
4 1	
120	
SAUJAI	
196778	
8081	
ScrF1	
1798	
8003	-112-112-5-+1421111-11-1-112-112-112-
8 6 6 7 1	
1138	
1	
7 A A	*********
	•
8041	
8641	
Styl	
Tody	
Tagi	211
Tebilit	**************************************
A i	

3	
Zana	
Zeni	
K O X	

from 1 t 6365. Numbered from positi n 1.

			>Nhe1	>4113			
DHY eug\R	0-xusv_	DNA_start_	(split)	Ī			
į .	10	20	30	40	50	60	76
TTTGAAA	SAC CCC	ACCOGTA GG	MCCLACO DA	¥* •	• `•	•	
AMCTIN	TG GGG	ICCCCAT CC	ACCEPTOR AT	SCHARCE A	ACCCACTT TO TCCCGTGAA AC	CANGGENT G	Calalatac Cittitiate
					>Pvu2		
					>Nep82		>EcoRS
	10	90	100	110	120	130	1140
TAACTCA	CA ATAC	**************************************	• •	• •	CYYVCYCC 1C)	•	
					>Pvu2		
					>Xep82		
	50	160	170	180	190		
•	•	• •	• •	•	•	300	210
	ic cell(CTGC CCCC	CTCAGG GCC	MOMEN GA	TCAGACAG CTG	AGTGATC CCC	• •
TOTOGIAN ACACCAITO	æ cana		wholee exc	menus en	ACTOTOTO GAC	TCACTAC COO	CAMACAG CTTTGTC
	X CCAAC		>Aval	Heniet et	ACTOTOTO GAC	CACTAC CO	CCAAACAG CCTTTCTC
	∝ ccus	>X1+#1	>Ava1	MCTIGT CT	ACTOTOTO GAC	CACTAC CO	ecancas Estingie
EcoRS	.	>A1w#1	>Ava1 >Aqu1 >Aqu1	250	ACTOTOTO GAC	270	280
SATATOTOT	O • • •	>A1w#1 230	>Ava1 >Aqu1 240	250	acțictgte gac	270	280

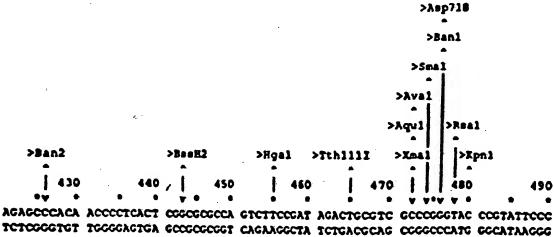
>Bred >Broolog1

>Ban1 >Sty1 >Pse1 >Rsal

290 300 310 320 330 340 350

CCTCAGCAGT TTCTAGTGAA TCATCAGATO TTTCCAGOGT GCCCCAAGGA CCTGAAAATG ACCCTGTACC
GGAGTGGTGA AAGATCACTT AGTAGTCTAC AAAOGTCCCA CGGGGTTCCT GGACTTTTAC TGGGACATOG

>Ban2
>Sac1
>Set1
>BeeH2
>Bill
>Bill
360 370 380 390 400 410 420
TTATTIGAAC TAACCAATCA GITCGCTTCT CCCTTCTTCT CCCCCCCTTC CCCTCTCCCA GCTCAATAAA
AATAAACTTC ATTCGTTAGT CAAGCCAACA GCCACCCCAAG GCCAAGACCCT CCAGTTATTT
>Aap718



SSEY1

500 510 520 530 540 550 560

ANTANAGECT CTEGETETT GENTECHAT CETEGETETC CTGTTCCTTG GENGGGTCTC CTCTGAGTGA

TTATTTCCGA GAACGACAA CETACCCTTA CCACCAGAC GACAAGGAAC CCTCCCAGAG GAGACTCACT

S70 580 590 600 610 620 630

TTGACTACCC ACCACCGCG TCTTTCATTT GGGGGCTGGT CCCGGATTTG GAGACCCCTG CCCACGGACC

AACTGATGGG TGCTGCCCCC AGAAGTAAA CCCCCCACCA GGCCCTAAAC CTCTGGGGAC GGGTCCCTGG

>Bali

>Spe1
>Hga1 >Real
| 710 720 | 730 740 750 760 770
TITGATGITA TECGCCTECE TETETACTAG TIAGCIAACT ACCTCTGIAT CTCGCCGACC CGTCGTCGAA
AAACTACAAT ACGCCGACCC AGACATGATC AATCGATTGA TCGAGACATA GACCGCCTCG GCACCACCTT

>Bou36I >Aoc1 >Bau1 >Bau1 >Bco81I

>Aoc1
>Sau1
>Cvn1
>Hst3
>Bsu361

1060 | 1070 | 1080 1090 1100 1110 1120
CTGTTACCAC TCCCTTAAGT TTGACCTTAG GTCACTGGAA AGATGTCGAG CGGATGGCTG ACAACCAGTG
GACAATGGTG AGGGAATTCA AACTGGAATG CAGTGACCTT TCTACAGGTG GCCTAGCGAG TGTTGGTCAG

>Ecol1I

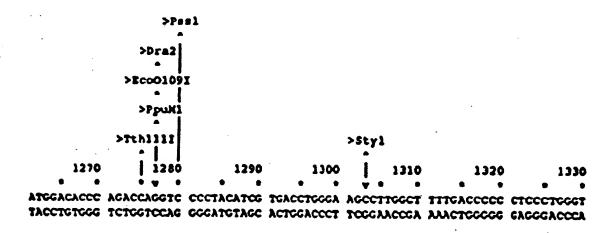
>Af12

	>K402	>BetZ2	•	Pot1	>Ball	>8442	>cfr1
1130			1160	į	1170	1100	1190
CCATCTACAG	ANGANGAGAC TICTTCTCTG	CANCCCANTC	CTTCTGCTCT GAAGACGAGA	GCAGA! CCTCTT	ATGGE CAL	ACCITIAN CO	TOGGATGG CAGCCTACC

>Ban1 >Hph1 >Hph1

1200 1210 | 1220 1230 1240 1250 1260

CCCCCAGACC GCACCTTAA CCCAGACCTC ATCACCCAGG TTAAGATCAA GGTCTTTTCA CCTGGCCCCC
GGCGCTCTGC CCTGGAAATT GGCTCTGAG TAGTGGGTCC AATTCTAGTT CCAGAAAAGT GGACCGGCCC

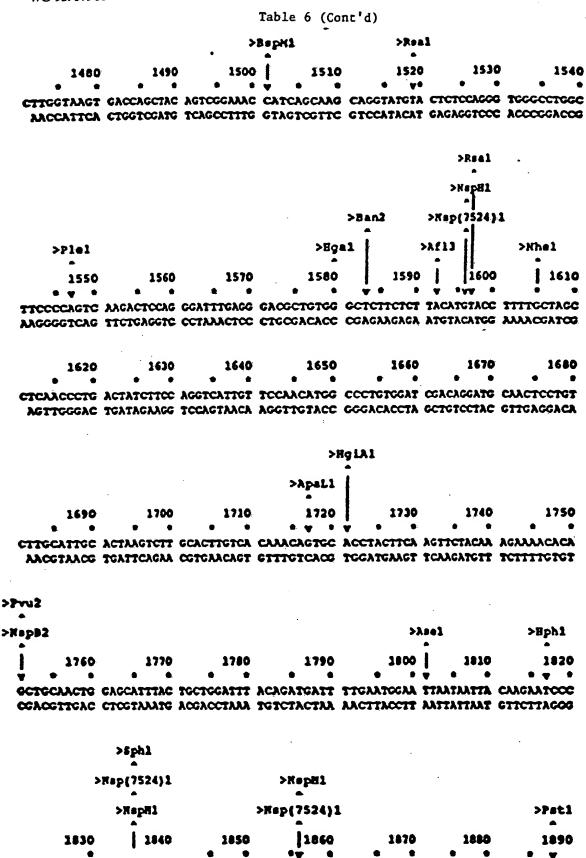


2340 | 2350 1360 1370 1380 1390 1400
CAAGCCCTIT GTACACCCTA AGCCTCCGCC TCCTCTTCCT CCATCCGCCC CGTCTCTCCC CCTTCAACCT
GTTCGGGAAA CATGTGGGAT TCGGAGGCCG AGGAGAAGGA GGTAGGCGGG GCAGAGAGGG GGAACTTGGA

>ECOM1 >ECOM1

1410 1420 1430 1440 1450 1460 1470

CCTCGTTCCA CCCCGCCTCG ATCCTCCCTT TATCCAGCCC TCACTCCTTC TCTAGGCCGG AATTCGTTAG
GGAGCAAGCT GGGGGGGAGC TAGGAGGGAA ATAGGTCCGC AGTGAGGAAG AGATCCGCCC TTAAGCAATC



ARACTCROCC GCRIGGICA RITTRAGITI TRCRIGGCCA RGRAGGCCAG AGRACIGRAR CRICIGGRAGI ITTGRGIGGO COTROGRGIO TRARITCRAR RIGIROGGGI ICTICCOGTO ICTICROTTI GIRGROGICA

>Xbal							>Af12	
i	1900	1910	1920	1930	1940	1950	. 1960	i.
	•	• •		• •		• •	• •	
GTCTA(CAGAT	CAAGA CTTCT	AGAACTCAAA TCTTGAGTTT	CCTCTGGAGG GGAGACCTCC	Angtoctana TTCACCATTT	TTTAGCTCAA AAATCGAGTT	AGCAAXAACT TCGTTTTTGA	TTCACTTAAG AAGTGAATTC	
		•		>>	·			
>>>>>>				>Xqu1			•	
>Styl				>Ccrl				
>\$tul				>PaeR7	xhe	o2		
>Aat1			>Hae2	>Xhol	>841	Y1		
il	1970	1980	1990	2000	2010	2020	2030	
** .	•	•	• • •	• • •	• •	• •		
						GATCTGAAAC CTAGACTTTG		
			>300	t X 1				
•	2040	2050	2060	2070	2080	2090	2100	
						GATTACCTTT CTAATGGAAA		
					:	BanHl		
					:	BetTl		
					>:	tho2 >Nepi	2 .	
					>simia:	71509_40_	errly_promot	ter
				×	Ho-HuSV_DKA	ond/simian	virus_40_DI	CL_start
	2110	2120	2130	2140	2150	2160	2170	
						ACCATOCCT TOCTACCCCA	CICCANICIC	

>RcoT221 >Hell ->Ave3

WO 93/07906

PCT/US92/08999

>Kap(7524)1

```
>NepH1
                                                          >5ph1
 TOTCAGTING COTOTCOMA GICCCCAGGC TEECCAGCAG GCAGAAGTAT GCANAGCATG CATCTCAATT
 ACAGTCAATC CCACACCTTT CAGGGGTCCC AGGGGTCGTC CCTCTTCATA CCTTTCCTAC GTAGAGTTAA
                                                             >No11
                                                             >Ava3
                                                            >EcoT22I
                                                         >Nep(7524)1
                                                           >Kep#1
                                                           >Sph1
                2260
                         2270
                           •
AGTCAGCAAC CAGGTGTGGA AAGTCCCCAG GCTCCCCAGC AGGCAGAAGT ATGCAAAGCA TGCATCTCAA
TEAGTECTTE GTECACAGET TTEAGGGGTE EGAGGGGTEC TECCTETTEA TACGITTECT ACCIAGAGIT
                2330
                                   2350
AATCAGTCGT TOGTATCAGG COCCGGATTG ACGCCGGGTAG GGCCGGGATT GACGCCGGTA AACCCCCGGTA
      >Mcol
                                                   >8(11
        ٠
      >Styl
                                                   >Bql1
                         2410
                                   2420
                                                                 2450
       7.
TCTCCCCCC ATCCCTCACT AATTTTTTT ATTTATCCAG ACCCCCAGGC CCCCTCCGCC TCTCACCTAT
ACACGCCCCC TACCCACTCA TTANAUARA TANATACCTC TCCCCCTCCC CCCCACCCC ACACTCCATA
                             >Styl
                             >XALS
```

>Stml

>BepH1

55

Table 6 (Cont'd)

>Aat1 >Hind3 >Pet1

2460 2470 2480 | 2490 2500 2510 | 2520

TCCAGAAGTA GTGAGGAGGG TITTTTGGAG GCCTAGGGTT TTGCAAAAAG CTTGGGCTGC AGGTCGAGGG AGGTCTTCAT CACTCCTCCC ALLALACCTC CGGATCCGAA AACGTTTTTC GAACCCGACG TCCAGCTCCC

>Bell

>Nho2

>Bety1

>Bety1

| 2530 2540 2550 2560 2570 2580

GGATCTGATC AAGAGACAGG ATGAGGATGG TITCGC ATG ATT GAA CAA GAT GGA TTG CAC GCA GGT TGT
CCTAGACTAG TTCTCTGTCC TACTCCTAGC AAAGGG TAC TAA CTT GTT CTA CCT AAC GTG CGT CCA AGA

Net Ile Glu Gla Aep Gly Leu Bie Ala Gly Ser>

> >Hae2 >Bbe1 >Har1 >Acy1 >Aha2

Table 6 (Cont[†]d)

>Ban1

266

2670

2680

2690

2710

GAT GCC GCC GTG TTC CGG CTG TCA GCG CAG GGG CGC CGG GTT CTT TTT GTC AAG ACC GAC CTG CTA CGG CGG CAC AAG GCC GAC AGT CGC GTC CCC GCG GGC CAA GAA AAA CAG TTC TCG CTG GAC CTA CGG CGG CAA GAA AAA CAG TTC TCG CTG GAC AGP ALB ALB Val Phe Arg Leu Ser Ala Gln Gly Arg Pro Val Leu Phe Val Lys Thr Asp Leu>

>Bett1

>Xhol >Hpbl

2850 | 2860 | 2870 | 2880 | 2890 | 2900

GAA TO CCO GGG CAG GAI CTC CTG TCA TCT CA CTT GCT CCT GCC GAG AAA GTA TCC ATG CTT CAC GGC CCC GTC CTA GAG GAC AGT AGA GTO GAA CGA GGA CCG CTC TTT CAT AGG TAG TAC LTU Val Pro Gly Gla Asp Leu Leu S r Ser His Leu Ala Pro Ala Glu Lys Val Ser Ile Het>

>Sph1

Table 6 (Cont'd)

2910	2920	2930		2950	
		• •		•	
	ATG CGG CGG	CTG CAT ACG	CTT GAT COO GCT	IVO ACO VOI	TTC GAC CAC CAA GCG AAG CTG GTG GTT CGC Phe Aep His Gln Als>

						>Rs	a1													
2970		291			>Hg!	ł		į	3000	>C:	(r)0	30:	10		3(020	,		3030	
	 		~~~	~~	~~	CCA	ACT TGA The	CCC	TAC	$\mathbf{c}\mathbf{r}$	CCG	CCA	UAA	CAU	C1W	676	~10	- LIN	CTG GAC Leu>	

SBan2

SB

cfrl I >Cfrl >Rer2 >Hael 3200 l 3170 3160 EGG CGG TIT TOT EGA TTC ATC GAC TGT GGC CGG CTG GGT GTG GGG GAC GGC TAT CAG GAC ATA COG GOG ANA AGA COT ANG THE CTG ACA COG GOC GAC COA CAC GGC CTG GOC ATA GTC CTG TAT Gly Arg Phe Ser Gly Phe Ile Asp Cys Gly Arg Leu Gly Val Ala Asp Arg Tyr Gln Asp Ile> 3280 3270 3260

3250 3240 3230 3220 GOG TTG GCT ACC CGT GAT ATT GCT GAA GAG CTT GGC GGC GAA TGG GCT GAC CGC TTC CTC GTG OGC AND COR TOO GOR CTR TAR COR CTT CTC GAR COG COS CTT ACC COR CTC GOS AND GAG CAC Ale Leu Ala Thr Arg Asp Ile Ala Glu Glu Leu Gly Gly Gle Trp Ala Asp Arg Phe Leu Val>

3310 3290 CTT THE GGT ATC GGC GGT CCC GAT TGG CAG GGC ATC GGC TTC THE GGC CTT CTT GAC GAG TTC GAA ATG CCA TAG CCG CCA GCG CTA AGC GTC GCC TAG CCG AAG ATA GCG GAA CAA CTG CTC AAG Lou Tyr Gly Ile Ale Ale Pro Asp Ser Gla Arg Ile Ale Phe Tyr Arg Leu Leu Asp Glu Phe>

>2101 >Tn5_DHA_end/_No-MuLV_DHA_etert 3350 TTC TGA GOCCCACTC TEEGGITCGA TAAAATAAAA GATTTATTT AGTCTCCAGA AAAACGGGGG AATGAAAGAC ANG ACT OCCOCTONG ACCOCANGET ATTITATITY CTANALANA TENGAGGIET TITIOCCOCC STACTITICS Phe End>

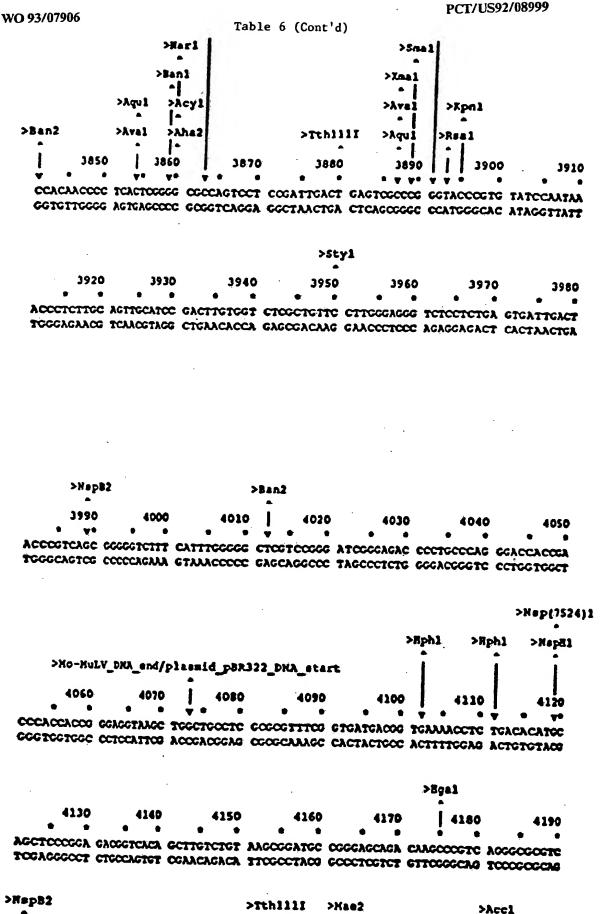
>4115 >Khel 3460 COCACCTGTA GGTTTGGCAA GCTAGCTTAA GTAACGCCAT TTTGCAAGGC ATGGAALAAT ACATAACTGA GGGTGGACAT CCALACCETT CEATOGRATT CATTGCGGTA ARACCITCCG TACCITITA ICIATIGACT

>NepB2 >Ecols 3510 3500 ANTAGAGAA GITCAGATCA AGGTCAGGAA CAGATOGAAC AGGTGAATAT GGGCCAAACA GGATATCTOT CITATCTCIT CAAGTCTAGT TOCAGTCCIT GTCTACCTTG TOCACTTATA CCCCGTTTGT CCTATAGACA

59 Table 6 (Cont'd) WO 93/07906 PCT/US92/08999 SagaH< >Alwn1 >Pvu2 >EcoRS 3610 3620 3630 GGTAAGCAGT TCCTGCCCCG GCTCAGGGCC AAGAACAGAT GGAACAGCTG AATATGGGCC AAACAGGATA CCATTCGTCA ASSACRESSE CGAGTCCCGG TTCTTGTCTA CCTTGTCGAC TTATACCCGG TTTGTCCTAT >Alwn1 3670 TOTOTOGTAN GENGTTCCTG CCCCCCCTCN GGGCCNAGAN CAGATGGTCC CCAGATGCGG TCCAGCCCTC AGACACCATT CETCAAGGAC GGGGCCGAGT CCCCGTTCTT GTCTACCAGG GGTCTACGCC AGGTCGGGAG >Pssl >Dra2 • >Eco01091 • >PpuX1 >Xbal >Styl 3710 AGCAGTTTCT AGAGAACCAT CAGATGTTC CAGGGTGCCC CAAGGACCTG AAATGACCCT GTGCCTTATT TOGTCAAAGA TOTOTTOGTA GTOTACAAAG GTOCCACOGG GTTCCTCGAC TTTACTGGGA CACCGAATAA >\$acl 1Alph< >Aqul >80082 >Ban2 3810 3820

> >Ban1 >Bae2 >Asp718 >Bbe1 >P1 1

TGAACTAACC AATCACTTCG CTTCTCCCTT CTCTTCCCCC CCCCACCTCA ATAAAAGACC ACTTCATTCG TTACTCAACC CAAGACCCAA GACAAGCCC CCCAAGACCAG GCCCTCCAGT TATTTTCTCC



>Hglr1

>Real >Apall >Hdel

4270 4280 4290 | 4300 | 4310 4320 4330

TRACTATGC GGCATCAGAG CAGATTGTAG TGAGAGTGCA CCATATGCGG TGTGAAATAC CGCACAGATG
AATTGATACG CCGTAGTCTE GTCTAACATG ACTCTCACGT GGTATACGCC ACACTTTATG GCCTGTCTAC

>Rae2 >P1e1

4340 4350 4360 4370 | 4380 4390 4400

CGTAAGGAGA AAATACCGCA TCAGGGGGTC TTCCGCTTCC TCGCTCACTG ACTCGCTGCG CTCGGTCGTT
GCATTCCTCT TITATGGCGT AGTCCGCGAG AAGGCCAAGG AGCGAGTGAG TCAGCGACCG GAGCCAGGAA

COCCTGOGGC GAGGGGTATC AGCTCACTCA AAGGCGGTAA TAGGGTTATC CACAGAATCA GGGGATAAGG GCCGACGCGG CTCGCCATAG TCGAGTGAGT TTCCGCCATT ATGCCAATAG GTGTCTTAGT CCCCTATTGC

>Hap(7524)1

>HapH1

>Af13

4480 4490 4500 4510 4520 4530 4540

CACGAAAGAA CATGTGACGA AAAGGCCAGG AAAAGGCCAG GAACCGTAAA AAGGCCGGT TOCTGGCGTT
GTCCTTTCTT GTACACTCGT TTTCCGGTCG TTTTCCGGTC CTTGGCATTT TTCCGGCCCA ACGACCCCAA

>Hgal 4550 4560 4570 4580 4590 4600 4610

TTTCCATAGG CTCGGCCCCC CTGACGAGC	A TCACAAAAAT	CCACCCTCAA	CTCACACGTG	GOCALACCOM
ANAGGTATCC GAGGGGGGG GACTGCTCG	ACTOTITIA	GCTCCGAGTT	CAGTCTCCAC	CCCTTTCCC

ACAGGACTAT ANACATACCA GGGGTTTCCC CCTGGAAGCT CCCTGGTGCG CTCTCCTGTT CCGACCCTGC
TGTCCTGATA TTTCTATGGT CCGCAAAGCG GGACCTTCGA GGGAGCACGC GAGAGACAA GGCTGGGACC

>Hae2

4690 4700 4710 4720 4730 4740 4750

GCTTACCCC ATACCTGTCC GCCTTTCTCC CTTCCGGAAG CGTGGCCCTT TCTCATAGCT CACCCTGTAG
GCGAATGGCC TATGGACAGG CGGAAAGAGG GAAGCCCTTC GCACCGCGAA AGAGTATCGA GTGCCACATC

>NepB2

| 4830 4840 4850 4860 4870 4880 4890

| GCTGCGCCT TATCCCTAA CTATCCTCTT GAGTCCAACC CCGTAAGACA CGACTTATCC CCACTGGCAG

| GCCACCCGA ATAGGCCATT GATACCAGAA CTCAGGTTGG GCCATTCTGT GCTGAATAGC GGTGACCGTC

AND 4910 4920 4930 4940 4950 4960

CAGCCACTGG TAACAGGATI AGCAGAGGGA GGTATGTAGG CGGTGCTACA GAGTTCTTGA AGTGGTGGGC
GTCGGTGACC ATTGTCCTAA TCGTCTCGCT CCATACATCC GCCACGATGT CTCAAGAACT TCACCACCGG

4970 4980 4990 5000 5010 5020 5030
TAACTACGC TACACTAGAA GGACAGTATT TGGTATCTGC GCTCTGCTGA AGCCAGTTAC CTTCGGAAAA
ATTGATGCCG ATGTGATCTT CCTGTCATAA ACCATAGACC CGAGACGACT TCGGTCAATG GAAGCCTTTT

WO 93/07906		Tab	le 6 (Gont	<b>'</b> d)	PCT/US	S92/089 <del>9</del> 9
5040	5050	5060	5070			5100
				CATOCCCACC		
	>.	Xh 2	>BetY1			•
	>:	BetYl	>Xho2			. >Hgal
5110	5120	5130	5140	5150	5160	- 5170 • •
				GATCTTTTCT CTAGAAAAGA		
				>BetY	1	
				>Xho2	>Ba(	:Yl >Dral
·	>H402	>8s ₁	pH1	>Hph1	>Xhc	ο2 >λha3
5180	5190	5200	5210	5220   ** * *	5230	5240
				TCANAAGGA AGTTTTTCCT		
	>Dral					
	>Aha3					,
5250	5260 • • •	\$270	\$280	\$290	5300	5310
				ACTALACTIC ACTALACTICALC		
>8	anl			3	Ple1	•
5320	5330	5340	5350	5360	5370	5380
				TTCATCCATA AAGTAGGTAT		•
						•
						>Bpb1
5390	5400	\$410	\$420	\$430	5440	5450
			-	1CYCCYCC11 YCLCCICCYY		
>ctr10I				>8g11		
5460	5470	5480	5490	5500	5510	5520
				CANGEGECECA CTTCCCGGCT		

Table 6 (Cont'd)

				,		
		>Asel		•		
5530	5540	5550	5560		_	5590
CTTTATCOCC GAAATAGGCG	CTCCATCCAG GAGGTAGGTC	TCTATTAATT AGATAATTAA	CAACGCCCT	AGCTAGAGTA TOGATCTCAT	AGTAGTTOGC TCATCAAGCG	CAGTTAATAG GTCAATTATC
>Hae	2					
>Aos1						
>Fep1						
>Eq15						
>Hatl		>Patl			•	
5600		5620		5640	5650	5660
YYYCCCIIC IIICCCCYYC	GTTGTTGCCA	TTGCTGCAGG	CATOSTOSTS	TCACCCTCGT AGTGCGAGCA	CCTTTCGTAT GCAAACCATA	COCANGTANG
5670	5680	5690		\$710	5720	5730
AGCTCCGGTT TCGAGGCCAA	CCCAACCATC	AAGGCCAGTT TTCCGCTCAA	ACATGATCCC TGTACTAGGG	CCATCTTCTC	CHANANAGES	GTTAGCTCCT CAATCGAGGA
	>hul	>1	taél A			
	>Ior2	×	efr1			
5740	5750	5760	\$770	5780	5790	5800
**CCAGGAGG	CATOCITOTO CTAGCAACAG	AGAAGTAAGT TCTTCATTCA	TGGCGGCAGT ACGGGGGTCA	GTTATCACTC CAATAGTGAG	ATGGTTATGG TACCAATACC	CAGCACTGCA GTGGTGAGGT
					>Rsal	
		•		>	Scal >Hph	1
5810	5820	5830	5840	\$850	5860	5870
TAATTCTCTT ATTAAGAGAA	ACTGTCATGC TGACAGTACG	CATCCGTAAG GTAGGCATTC	ATGCTTTTCT TACGARANGA	GTGACTGGTG CACTGACCAC	AGTACTCAAC	CAAGTCATTC GTTCAGTAAG

Table 6 (Cont'd)

>Hinc2

>Hind2

>Acy1

>Hgal >Aha2

5880 5890 5900 5910 5920 5930 5940

TGAGAATAGT GTATGCGGGG ACCGAGTTGC TCTTGCCGGG CGTCAACACG GGATAATAGC GGCGTGTAT
ACTCTTATCA CATACGCGGC TGGCTCAACA AGAACGGGCC GCAGTTGTGC CCTATTATGG GGCGTGTAT

>Hgiri

>Betti

>Apall

| 6020 | 6030 | 6040 | 6050 | 6060 | 6070 | 6080

GTTCAGATCC AGTTCGATCT AACCCACTCO TGCACCCAAC TGATCTTCAG CATCTTTTAG TTTCACCAGC

CAACTCTAGG TCAAGCTACA TTGGGTGAGG ACGTGGGTTO ACTAGAAGTC GTAGAAAATO AAAGTGGTCO

SHPAL

6090 6100 6110 6120 6130 6140 6150

GTTTCTCCGT GAGCAMARC AGGAAGGCAA AATGCCGCAA AAAAGGCAAT AAGGGCGACA CCGAAATGTT
CAAAGACCCA CTCGTTTTTG TCCTTCCGTT TTACCGCGTT TTTTCCCTTA TTCCCGCTGT GCCTTTACAA

>5ep1 >8epH1 6160 6170 6180 6190 6200 6210 6220

Table 6 (Cont'd)

GRATACTCAT ACTOTTCCTT TITCAATATT ATTGAAGCAT TTATCAGGGT TATTGTCTCA TGAGCGGATACTTATGAGTA TGAGAAGGAA AAAGTTATAA TAACTTCGTA AATAGTCCCA ATAACAGAGT ACTCGCCTAT

6230 6240 6250 6260 6270 6280 6290
CATATTICAL TOTATTIAGA AMATAMACA ANTAGGGGTT CCGCCCACAT TTCCCCGAM AGTGCCACCT
GTATAMACTT ACATAMATCT TITTATTIGT TTATCCCCAM GGCGGCTGTA AAGGGGCTTT TCACGGTGGA

>Aat2

>Aha2

>Acy1

>Recolog1

>Haa2

| 6300 6310 | 6320 6330 6340 6350 6360

GACGICTAAG AAACCAITAT TATCATGACA TIAACCTATA AAAATAGGCG TATCACGAGG CCCTTTCGTC
CTGCAGATTC TITGGTAATA ATAGTACTGT AATTGGATAT TITTATCCGC ATAGTCCTCC GGGAAAGCAG

TTCAA

#### LYBES which do not cut LISHRIIL2 :

1 3	<b>B</b> g12	Clai	Mpel	Nru1	SnaB1
\pel	Beal	Drel	Mlul	PELK1	Spl1
lau2	ВерК2	Bco47III	Mro1	Sac2	Set2
3an3	Bat Bl	Rep1	Mot1	sall	

To generate the LXSN-RI-IL2 retroviral vector, 10 micrograms of pLXSN-RI-IL2 DNA was transfected into the ecotropic packaging cell line PE501 by standard calcium phosphate precipitation methods (Miller et al., Mol. Cell 5 Biol. 6:2895, 1986). The transfected PE501 cell line was grown in DMEM medium with 10% FCS. The medium was changed after 24 hours and supernatant harvested 24 hours later to infect the amphotropic packaging cell line PA317 as described (Miller et al., Mol. Cell Biol. 6:2895, 1986 and 10 Miller et al., BioTechniques 7:980, 1989). The infected PA317 cells were harvested by trypsinization 24 hours later and replated 1:20 in DMEM containing 10% FCS and the neomycin analogue G418 (400  $\mu$ g/ml). The cells were grown at 37°C in 7% CO2 atmosphere. The selection medium was 15 changed every 5 days until colonies appeared. On day 14, twenty colonies were selected, expanded and tested for viral production by standard methods (Xu et al., Virology 171:331-341, 1989). Briefly, supernatants were harvested from confluent culture dishes, passed through a .45  $\mu \mathrm{m}$ filter, diluted with DMEM with 10% FCS and utilized to infect NIH 3T3 cells in the presence of 8  $\mu$ g/ml polybrene. After 24 hours, the infected NIH 3T3 cells were grown in culture medium that contained the neomycin analogue G418. After 12-14 days, the colonies were stained, counted and 25 the viral titer calculated as described (Xu et al., Virology 171:331-341, 1989).

Colonies with the highest viral titers (>10⁴ infectious units/ml) were tested for IL-2 expression by Northern blot analyses. Colonies with the highest viral titers and documented IL-2 expression were cryopreserved and will be utilized as stock cultures to produce the LXSN-RI-IL2 retroviral vector trial.

#### EXAMPLE IV

### RETROVIRAL VECTOR CONSTRUCTION AND CYTOKINE EXPRESSION

To increase IL-2 production by transduced cell lines, vectors were used containing different promoters to drive IL-2 expression, and a human IL-2 cDNA was directionally sub-cloned into the insulin secretory signal peptide (17). The IL-2 cDNA was directionally sub-cloned into the parental plasmids of the LXSN (LTR promoter) and LNCX (CMV promoter) vectors (gifts of Dr. A.D. Miller) (18). The newly constructed vectors (Figure 1), designated as LXSN-IL2 and LNCX-IL2, were packaged in the PA317 cell line for production of retroviral supernatant. As a control, the high level expressing, double copy vector DC/TKIL-2 vector (thymidine kinase promoter) (a gift of Dr. 15 E. Gilboa) was used for comparison.

These vectors were used to transduce a number of murine and human, primary and established cell lines. Pools of transduced cells were selected and expanded in DMEM medium, containing 10% fetal bovine serum (FBS) and 20 400 µg/ml of active G-418, a neomycin analogue. The results of expression studies in the MCR9 and Balb/c 3T3 cell lines are presented in Table 7.

Table 7

Comparison of IL-2 expression by fibroblasts transduced with different IL-2 vectors.

		ng IL-2	Units IL-
Fibroblast	Vector	per 10° cel	ls per day
Murine	LNCX (Contro	ol) 0.4 ±50%	<1
	LNCX-IL2	33.7 ±11%	67
	LXSN-IL2	6.6 ± 6%	13
:•	DC/TKIL-2	1.9 ± 5%	4
Human	LXSN (Contro	ol) 0.7 ±29%	1
	LNCX-IL2	159.5 ±17%	319
	LXSN-IL2	25.5 ±15%	51
	DC/TKIL-2	3.0 ±10%	6

#### EXAMPLE V

# FIBROBLAST CULTURE AND CONDITIONS FOR RETROVIRAL TRANSDUCTION

The culture conditions for the growth of primary fibroblasts retroviral transduction were optimized. Primary fibroblasts were successfully cultured. The optimal conditions enable the growth of approximately 3-4 x 10⁶ primary fibroblasts from a 12 mm² skin biopsy in approximately 4-6 weeks. Retroviral infection, G418 10 selection, and expansion of the genetically modified fibroblasts takes an additional 4-6 weeks.

Exploring the conditions for genetic modification of primary fibroblasts suggests that optimal transduction may be obtained by the following procedure: The fibroblasts are synchronized in G1 phase by serum starvation, followed by stimulation with medium containing 15% fetal bovine serum 15 hours prior to transduction. The cells are then subjected to 2 cycles of retrovirus infection, each cycle lasting approximately 3 hours. The cells are refed with fresh media overnight, and then selection in G418 is initiated the next day. This method is capable of transducing 5-15% of the fibroblasts in a culture, depending on the multiplicity of infection.

This procedure was used to transduce a large 25 number of primary and established fibroblasts. As an example, Table 8 compares the expression levels of IL-2 in fibroblast lines transduced with LXSN-IL2.

GT1

50

30

25.0 ±10%

15.0 ± 5%

71 Table 8

	Expression of	f IL-2 by fi	broblasts tran	sduced with L	XSN-IL2.
5	Fibroblast Line	Species		ng IL-2 Units r 10° cells p	
	Balb/c 3T3	Murine	Transformed	6.6 ± 6%	13
	MCR9	Human	Embryonic	25.5 ±15%	51
10	NHDF 313	Human	Skin	25.0 +10%	50

Skin

Skin

Human

These results indicate that the IL-2 expression levels in established, embryonic, and primary fibroblast 15 cultures are similar. Comparison of these data with Table 7 suggest that IL-2 expression is affected more by factors such as different promoters than by the fibroblast line Similarly, changes in culture conditions can have important effects on IL-2 expression. Table 9 shows that 20 transduced GT1 cells, a primary human fibroblast culture expressed 15-fold more IL-2 under 100  $\mu$ g/ml G418 selection than under 25  $\mu$ g/ml G418 selection. Several other primary fibroblast lines have also been transduced with our vectors and are currently growing under G418 selection.

Table 9

Effect	of	G418	concentratio	n on	IL-2	expression	bу	GT1
		cel	ls transduced	wit	h LXS	N-IL2.		

-2 secreted
ells per day
± 10%
± 6%
± 5%

'After three weeks of G418 selection.

### EXAMPLE VI

15 <u>COMPARISON OF IL-2 EXPRESSION LEVELS INDUCED</u>

PERIPHERAL BLOOD LYMPHOCYTES AND GENETICALLY MODIFIED FIBROBLASTS

In order to compare the production of IL-2 by genetically modified fibroblasts to that achieved by 20 stimulating normal human peripheral blood lymphocytes (nPBL) in vitro, nPBL were isolated by Ficol-Paque density centrifugation, and cultured in the presence of allogeneic nPBL (mixed lymphocyte culture, MLC) or 2 \( \mu \text{M} \text{ calcium} \) ionophore (CI) (A23187) free acid) plus 17 nM phorbol 12-25 myristate 13-acetate (PMA). The results experiment, present in Table 10, indicate that the level of IL-2 expression in the PMA/CI stimulated normal T cell population was 2 ng/106 cells/24 hours. This is equivalent to IL-2 expression by Balb/c 3T3 fibroblasts transduced 30 with DC/TKIL-2 (Table 7), our least productive vector. The level of IL-2 expression in the MLC was 130 pg/106 cells/24 hours. This was lower than the PMA/CI stimulated culture, presumably because PMA/CI induced a nonspecific response while MLC resulted in specific Th stimulation. When the estimated percentage of antigen-specific Th in the MLC-stimulated population is taken into consideration, the level of IL-2 expression per stimulated T cell becomes equivalent for both methods.

Table 10
Levels of IL-2 secretion by different cells.

10	Cells p	pg IL- er 10° c			
	Lymphocytes:	<u> </u>			<del></del>
	Control (non-activated)	5	±	50%	
	PMA + Calcium Ionophore	2,000	±	6%	
15	Mixed lymphocyte culture	130	±	90%	
•	Transduced fibroblasts:				
	MCR9-LXSN-IL2	24,000	±	5%	
	MCR9-LNCX-IL2	62,000	±	20%	
	MCR9-DC/TKIL-2	10,000	±.	6%	
20					

#### EXAMPLE VII

# FIBROBLAST MEDIATED CYTOKINE GENE THERAPY IN MURINE TUMOR MODELS

efficacy of fibroblast-mediated cytokine gene therapy on induction of anti-tumor immunity. The first protocol was designed to test the effects of genetically modified fibroblasts on tumor implantation, while the second protocol was designed to induce a systemic anti-tumor immunity. The results of each experiment are presented with two figures and one table. In the first figure, the rate of tumor growth for each treatment group is presented

### SUBSTITUTE SHEET

as the mean tumor size in the group over time. In the second figure, a Kaplan-Meier curve presents the time of tumor onset for the individual animals in each treatment group. The number of animals, the number and percentage of tumor free animals, and the tumor size distribution patterns for each experiment are presented in a table.

### EXAMPLE VII(a)

# EFFECT OF FIBROBLAST MEDIATED CYTOKINE GENE THERAPY ON TUMOR IMPLANTATION

Mice were injected subcutaneously with mixtures of 5 x 10⁴ CT26 cells and 2 x 10⁵ fibroblasts genetically modified by different retroviral vectors to express IL-2. In the control arms injected with tumor cells only, or with tumor cells mixed with unmodified fibroblasts, 31 of 33 animals (94%) developed tumors by 4 weeks (Figures 6 and 7, Table 9). In contrast, 22 out of the 34 animals (65%) receiving fibroblast mediated cytokine gene therapy were tumor free at 3 weeks, and 5 animals (18%) remain tumor free after 12 weeks. Those animals that received fibroblast mediated IL-2 therapy and developed tumor were characterized by a delayed onset and rate of tumor growth.

Table 11

Effect of IL-2 modified fibroblasts on tumor establishment and development. 2 X 106 fibroblasts mixed with 5 X 104 CT26 tumor cells at time of injection.

	4	imal Nu	nber			£	(2000)		Median Tumor Size
Fibroblasts mixed with tumor cells	Total	Tumor- free	Tumor- lumor- rence Total free bearing lumor-	Percent Tumor-free	25-100	101-200 201-300		> 301	(mm²)
A Dec. 10 Market					.,		•		
Aliel 16 Weeks.			:	1	•	c	-	٥	420 + 145
Control (no fibroblasts)	=	0	=	<b>%</b>	-	>	<b>-</b>	<b>N</b>	4
I'modified filmblasts**	13	7	==	15%		0	-	7	388 ± 265
Sorte II o El-chlode		<b>-</b>	13	80		6	S	4	267 ± 168
DCIN-ILA HOTOBIASIS	: =	) <b>V</b>	. «	39%	'n	7	0	-	27 ± 90
LNCA-1L4 Horopasis	2	,	,						

Mean tumor size is for 4 weeks, the last timepoint at which tumors were measured.

Two mice in this arm developed intraperitoneal tumors which were not measurable.

After 3 weeks the mean tumor size (measured as the product of the longest and widest tumor axes) in the control group of mice was 128 mm2, compared to 68 and 7 mm2 in groups of mice injected with tumor cells mixed with 5 fibroblasts transduced with DC/TKIL-2 LNCX-IL2, or This resulted in a highly significant respectively. difference (corrected  $x^2 = 18.69$ , p = 0.001) between the IL-2 treated animals compared to the mice treated with CT26 alone or CT26 mixed with unmodified fibroblasts. 10 four weeks the equivalent measurements were 373,300 and 72 mm2 (Table 11). It is notable that LNCX-IL2, the highest expressing vector caused substantially greater inhibition of tumorigenicity than the lower expressing vector DC/TKIL-A multivariate non-parametric statistical procedure 15 (19,20), utilized to evaluate differences in tumor growth, demonstrated that after 4 weeks the differences between the growth curves for the four groups presented in Figure 2 Subsequent were highly significant (p < 0.001). comparisons between the control arm and animals that 20 received tumor cells mixed with IL-2 transduced fibroblasts revealed a significant difference (P < 0.05). differences between the animals injected with tumor cells alone, and those injected with tumor cells plus unmodified fibroblasts were not significant, while the differences 25 between animals receiving low IL-2 expressing fibroblast, and those receiving high IL-2 expressing fibroblasts was significant (P = 0.05).

When mice were injected with 2 x 10⁶ modified fibroblasts mixed with 1 x 10⁵ live tumor cells the results 30 became more striking (see Figures 8 and 9, and Table 12). All the control animals developed tumors after 4 weeks whereas 33% and 27% of the animals treated with fibroblasts modified with the DCTK-IL2 or LXSN-IL2 vectors (respectively) remain tumor free after 7 weeks (the experiment is ongoing). More dramatically, 75% of the animals treated with fibroblasts modified with the highest

IL-2 producing vector, LNCX-IL2, remain tumor free after 7 weeks. These data clearly demonstrate the importance of an initial high dose of IL-2 to prevent tumor establishment.

SUBSTITUTE SHEET

Table 12

Biffect of IL-2 modified fibroblasts on tumor establishment and development, 2 X 106 fibroblasts mixed with 1 X 105 CT26 tumor cells at time of injection.

Total free bearing Tumor-free 25-100 101-200 201-300 >301  Total free bearing Tumor-free 25-100 101-200 201-300 >301  13 0 13 0 6 2 5 2 5  14 8 33% 0 1 4 3  15 4 11 27% 0 5 1 2  18 6 2 75% 2 0 0 0		Ā	Animal Number	nber							•		(	
***     13     0     13     0     5     2     5       ***     20     0     20     0%     0     2     3     14       ***     12     4     8     33%     0     1     4     3       ***     15     4     11     27%     0     5     1     2       **     6     2     75%     2     0     0     0     0	Fibroblasts mixed with tumor cells	Total	Tumor- free	aor- ring	Percent Tumor-free	25-100	Tumor Siz 101-200	201-300	>301	Ž	can T	um (fun	Size	ŀ
13     0     13     0     13     0%     0     5     2     5       14     20     0     20     0     2     3     14       14     15     4     11     27%     0     5     1     2       44     11     27%     0     5     1     2       8     6     2     75%     2     0     0     0	After 6 Weeks: *			·				•						
***         20         0         20         0%         0         2         3         14           12         4         8         33%         0         1         4         3           **         15         4         11         27%         0         5         1         2           **         6         2         75%         2         0         0         0         0	Control (no fibroblasts)**	13	0	13	%0	0	જ	7	S		315 ±		197	
12     4     8     33%     0     1     4     3       **     15     4     11     27%     0     5     1     2       8     6     2     75%     2     0     0     0	Unmodified fibroblasts**	20	0	20	80	0	8	က	7		350	#	<u>8</u>	
** 15 4 11 27% 0 5 1 2 8 8 6 2 75% 2 0 0 0	DCTK-IL2 fibroblasts	22	4	œ	33 %	0		4	ဗ		185	#	141	
2 0 0	LXSN-IL2 fibroblasts***	15	<b>.</b>	==	27.%	0	S	-	7		135	#	121	
).	LNCX-IL2 fibroblasts	∞	•	7	75%	71	0	0	0		00	#1	14	

Mean tumor size is for 4 weeks, the last timepoint at which tumors were measured.

Three mice in this arm developed intraperitoneal tumors which were not measurable.

One mouse in each of these arms developed an intraperitoneal tumor which was not measurable.

As an additional control, mice were injected with CT26 cells g netically modified to express IL-2 (results Injection of up to 1 x 106 IL-2 expressing tumor cells into Balb/c mice failed to produce tumors. 5 Injection of higher numbers however, resulted in some animals developing tumors with delayed onset. These data confirm the results reported in the literature (1). order to compare the efficacy of IL-2 producing fibroblasts to IL-2 producing tumor cells, we mixed 2 x 106 CT26 tumor 10 cells modified with the DCTK-IL2 vector with 1  $\times$  10⁵ unmodified tumor cells. Figures 10 and 11, and Table 13 show that DCTK-IL2 modified tumor cells are somewhat effective in preventing tumor development. Four weeks after injection, the mean tumor size for the treatment arm 15 is 303 mm², compared to 620 mm² for the control arm. After 22 weeks, one animal (10%) remains tumor free, compared to none in the control arms. Data for animals treated under the same conditions with DCTK-IL2 modified fibroblasts in a separate experiment are included for comparison purposes. 20 This comparison suggests that DCTK-IL2 modified tumor cells have an effect on tumor establishment similar to that of DCTK-IL2 modified fibroblasts.

Table 13

Effect of IL-2 modified cells on tumor establishment and development.

2 X 106 DCTK-IL2-modified C126 tumor cells mixed with 1 X 105 C126 cells compared to 2 X 106 DCTK-IL2-modified fibroblasts mixed with 1 X 105 CT26.

	Ą.	Animal Number	ige.			É	6	-	Mean T	Mean Tumor Size
Cells mixed with tumor cells	Total	Tumor- fræ	Tumor- bearing	Tumor- Tumor- Percent free bearing Tumor-free	25-100	101-200	101-200 201-300	>301	u)	(mm²)
After 22 Weeks: *							•			
Control (no fibroblasts)	8	0	Ŋ	% %	0	0	0	2	€20 ±	∓ 160
Unmodified fibroblasts	2	ο.	ท	80	0	0	0	S	287	69 #
DCTK-IL2-modifed CT26 cells	9	-	ο.	10%	· <b>-</b>	0	81	v	303	± 179
DCTK-11.2-modified fibroblasts	<b>00</b>	64	v	25%	0	1	2	en	. 214	214 ± 158

Mean tumor size is for 4 weeks, the last timepoint at which tumors were measured.

### EXAMPLE VII(b)

# EFFECT OF FIBROBLAST MEDIATE CYTOKINE GENE THERAPY ON SYSTEMIC ANTI-TUMOR IMMUNITY

Groups of Balb/c mice were immunized with 2.5 x 10⁵ irradiated tumor cells either alone or mixed with 2 x 10⁶ transduced or unmodified fibroblasts, and challenged one week later with 5 x 10⁴ live tumor cells in the opposite flank. These results (Figures 12 and 13, and Table 14) demonstrate that immunization with irradiated tumor cells and transduced fibroblasts protect some animals against a live tumor challenge, but that the protection is only slightly better than that achieved by immunization with irradiated tumor cells alone or irradiated tumor cells mixed with unmodified fibroblasts.

Table 14

Effect of IL-2 modified fibroblasts on induction of sytemic anti-tumor immunity. Mice immunized with 2 X 106 fibroblasts mixed with 2.5 X 105 irradiated CT26 tumor cells 7 days prior to challenge with 5 X 104 fresh tumor cells.

Fibroblasts mixed with irradiated tumor cells Total	fumor-	Animal Number						
A Bar 22 Weeks: 4	gg.	Tumor- Tumor- free bearing	Percent Tumor-free	25-100		Tumor Size (mm²) 101-200 201-300	> 301	Mean Tumor Size (mm²)
One for the state of the state						•		
Control (saline) 20	0	20	%0	0	0	-	61	574 ± 160
Irradiated CT26 only+*	S	11	31%	64	-	7	v	250 ± 277
Irradiated CT26 mixed with unmodified fibroblasts 15	4	==	27%	0	-	m	7	266 ± 199
DCTK-IL2 fibroblasts** 25	0	15.	40%	⁴ ❤		-	<b>∞</b>	172 ± 194

Mean tumor size is for 4 weeks, the last timepoint at which tumors were measured.

One mouse in each of these arms developed an intraperitoneal tumor which was not measurable.

In a second protocol similar to the one described above, animals were challenged with fresh tumor cells two weeks following immunization with irradiated tumor cells mixed with fibroblasts. The results, shown in Figures 14 5 and 15, and in Table 15, demonstrate that DCTK-IL2 modified fibroblasts mixed with irradiated tumor cells confers superior protection to subsequent tumor challenge than irradiated tumor cells alone, irradiated tumor cells mixed with unmodified fibroblasts, or irradiated tumor cells 10 mixed with LNCX-modified fibroblasts. After 7 weeks, seven of ten animals (70%) treated with DCTK-IL2 modified fibroblasts remain tumor free compared to only one third of the control animals. At four weeks, the mean tumor size of this group was 41  $\text{mm}^2$ , compared to 180, 170, and 140  $\text{mm}^2$  for 15 the three control groups. Animals treated with LNCX-IL2 modified fibroblasts were also protected against subsequent tumor challenge, but the results were less striking. this group, 54% of the animals remain tumor free and the mean tumor size for the group at four weeks was 86 mm². The number of tumor free animals in the group treated with LXSN-IL2 modified fibroblasts was similar to the control groups, although the tumors were slightly delayed in their onset. A multivariate non-parametric statistical procedure (19, 20), utilized to evaluate differences in tumor onset, demonstrated that the differences for the six arms presented in Figure 15 were significant (p = 0.012). further showed that the saline control arm and the arms that received irradiated tumor cells alone or mixed with unmodified or LNCX vector modified fibroblasts formed a 30 statistical group. A second, distinct statistical group was formed by the three arms that received IL-2 vector modified fibroblasts mixed with irradiated tumor cells. Subsequent comparisons between the saline injected control arm and animals that received tumor cells mixed with IL2 35 transduced fibroblasts revealed a significant difference for all vectors (p < 0.05).

Table 15

Effect of IL-2 modified fibroblasts on induction of sytemic anti-tumor immunity.

Mice immunized with 2 X 106 fibroblasts mixed with 2.5 X 105 irradiated CT26 tumor cells 14 days prior to challenge with 5 X 104 fresh tumor cells.

Immunization by	Ani	Animal Number	nber						
fibroblasts mixed with irradiated tumor cells	Total	Tumor- free	Tumor- bearing	Percent Tumor-free	25-100	Tumor Size (mm²) 101-200 201-300	zo (mm²) 201-300	> 301	Mean Tumor Size (mm²)
After 7 Weeks:*									
Control (saline)**	<b>∞</b>	-	7	13%	0	64		€	245 ± 173
Irradiated CT26 only	2	m	7	30%	0	7	4		180 ± 155
Irradiated CT26 mixed with unmodified fibroblasts	vo	8	4	33%	O.	м	-	=	170 ± 160
Irradiated CT26 mixed with LNCX-modified fibroblasts	01	KU:	7	30%	m	0	dest		140 ± 142
Irradiated CT26 mixed with LNCX-IL2-modified fibroblasts	52	7	9	54%	-	ო	-	-	86 ± 112
Irradiated CT26 mixed with LXSN-IL2-modified fibroblasts	2	4	000	33%	<b>V3</b>	0	. 8		111 ± 145
Irradiated CT26 mixed with DCIK-IL2-modified fibroblasts	10	7	6	70%	1	2	0	ю	41 ± 75

Mean tumor size is for 4 weeks, the last timepoint at which tumors were measured.

One mouse in this arm developed an intraperitoneal tumor which was not measurable.

These results demonstrate the feasibility of using genetically modified fibroblasts as a means of delivering cytokine gene therapy. In all experiments, the LNCX-L2 vector proved superior in preventing establishment while the DCTK-IL2 vector was better in the induction of systemic protection against subsequent tumor challenges. These contrasting effects, although somewhat surprising, can be explained by the observation that the CMV promoter is turned off in vivo five days after implantation while the TK promoter remains active for a longer period of time. The implication of this finding is that to apply this method of gene therapy successfully we have to use promoters that result in high level, sustained expression of IL-2 in vivo in the transduced fibroblasts.

The data obtained from this research effort has important implications for all cytokines that have either direct or indirect anti-tumor effects. Furthermore, this data suggests that anti-tumor efficacy is IL-2 dose dependent. Hence, construction of vectors which result in higher levels of cytokine secretion will be a significant advance toward the application of this method of gene therapy.

Reference numbers in parenthesis in the above examples correspond to the following list of references and are incorporated herein by reference.

#### References

- Gabrilove, J.L. et al., Monogr. J. Natl. Cancer
   Inst. 10:73-7 (1990).
- 5 2. Kelso, A., Current Opinion in Immunology, 2:215-25 (1989).
  - Borden, E.C. et al., Cancer, 65:800-14 (1990).
  - Rosenberg, S.A. et al., Ann. Intern. Med., 108:853-864 (1988).
- 10 5. Lotze, M.T. et al., JAMA, 256:3117-3124 (1986).
  - 6. Pizza, G. et al., Lymphokine Research, <u>7</u>:45-8 (1988).
  - 7. Sarna, G. et al., Journal of Biological Response Modifiers, 9:81-6 (1990).
- 15 8. Gandolfi, L. et al., Hepato-Gastroenterology, 36:352-6 (1989).
  - Bubenik, J. et al., Immunol. Letters, <u>19</u>:279-82
     (1988).
- 10. Bubenik et al., Immunol. Letters, <u>23</u>:287-292 20 (1990).
  - 11. Fearon, E.R. et al., Cell, 60:387-403 (1990).
  - 12. Gansbacher, B. et al., J. Exp. Med., <u>172</u>:1217-1224 (1990).
- 13. Watanabe, Y. et al., Proc. Natl. Acad. Sci., 86:9456-9460 (1989).

### SUBSTITUTE SHEET

- 14. Tepper, R.I. et al., Cell, <u>57</u>:503-512 (1989).
- 15. Kriegler, M., Gene Transfer and Expression: A Laboratory Manual, Stockton Press (1990).
- 16. Rosenberg, S.A. et al., N. Eng. J. Med., 370 (1990).
  - 17. Cornetta, K. et al., Prog. Nucl. Acid Res. Mol. Biol., <u>36</u>:311-22 (1989).
  - 18. Hoover, H.C. et al., Cancer Res., <u>44</u>:1671-76 (1984).
- 10 19. Sobol et al. New Eng. J. Med. <u>316</u>:1111-1117 (1987).
  - 20. Li Xu, et al., Virology, <u>171</u>:331-341 (1989).

Although the invention has been described with reference to the presently-preferred embodiment, it should be understood that various modifications can be made without departing from the spirit of the invention.

5 Accordingly, the invention is limited only by the following claims.

WE CLAIM:

- A method of treating cancer in a patient comprising the stimulation of that patient's immune response against the cancer by immunizing said patient at a site other than an active tumor site with a formulation comprising tumor antigens and CE cells genetically modified to express at least one cytokine gene product.
  - 2. The method of claim 1 wherein tumor cells previously isolated from said patient provide the tumor antigens.
  - 3. The method of claim 1 wherein the cytokine gene is selected from the group consisting of interleukin-1, interleukin-2, interleukin-3, interleukin-4, interleukin-5, interleukin-6, and gamma-interferon.
  - 4. The method of claim 3 wherein one cytokine gene is interleukin-2.
  - 5. The method of claim 1 wherein at least one cytokine gene is transferred into cells to generate CE cells by recombinant methods.
  - 6. The method of claim 5 wherein the cytokine gene is present in an expression vector.
  - 7. The method of claim 6 wherein said expression vector additional contains a suicide gene.
  - 8. The method of claim 5 wherein the CE cells are generated from fibroblasts and antigen-presenting cells.

5

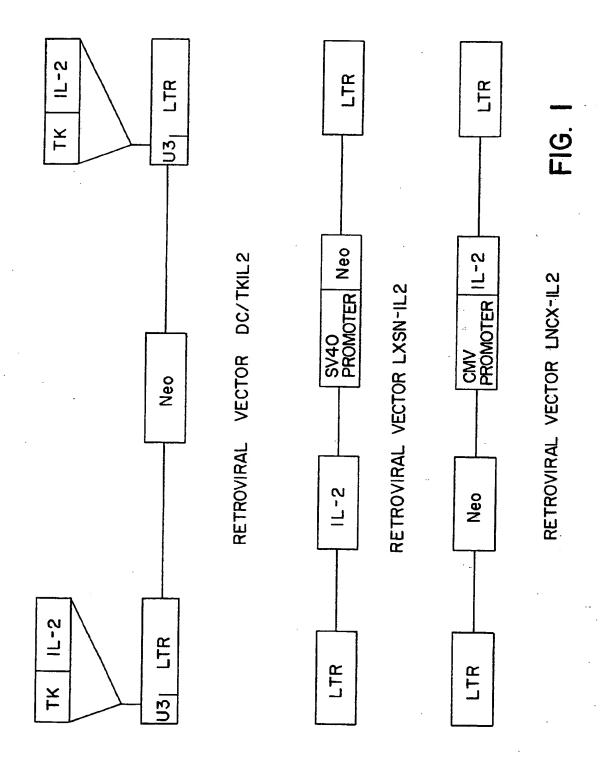
10

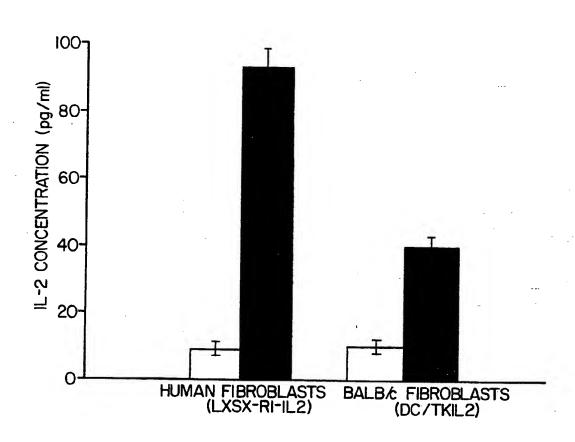
15

20

- 9. A method for enhancing a patient's immune response to a cancer comprising:
  - a) isolating fibroblasts from said patient;
  - b) culturing said fibroblasts in vitro;
  - c) transducing said fibroblasts with a retroviral expression vector containing the gene coding for IL-2 and a gene coding for a tumor antigen in a retroviral expression vector, to express said tumor antigen and to express and secrete said IL-2 by said fibroblasts; and
  - d) immunizing said patient with said fibroblasts that express IL-2 at a level sufficient to enhance an immune response but low enough to avoid substantial systemic toxicity and that express said tumor antigen, at a site other than an active tumor site.
- 10. The method of claim 9 wherein said fibroblasts are further modified to express a suicide gene.
- 11. A composition for increasing a patient's immune response to tumor antigens comprising tumor antigens and CE cells genetically modified to express at least one cytokine gene product.
- 12. The composition of claim 11 wherein the cytokine gene is selected from the group consisting of interleukin-1, interleukin-2, interleukin-3, interleukin-4, interleukin-5, interleukin-6, and gamma interferon.
- 13. The composition of claim 12 wherein on cytokine gene is interleukin-2.

- 14. The composition of claim 11 wherein each cytokine gene is expr ssed at a level sufficient to stimulate the immune response but low enough to avoid substantial systemic toxicities.
- 15. The method of claim 9 wherein in said transducing step said retroviral expression vector has a promotor causing sustained secretion of IL-2.
- 16. The method of claim 15 wherein said retroviral expression vector causes the secretion of at least four units of IL-2 per day for a period of ten days or longer.





UNMODIFIED CELLS IL-2 TRANSDUCED CELLS

FIG. 2

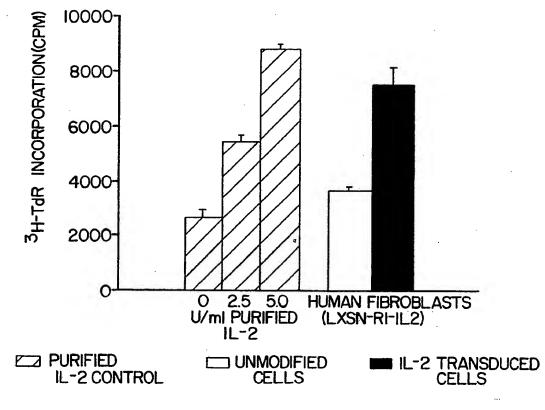
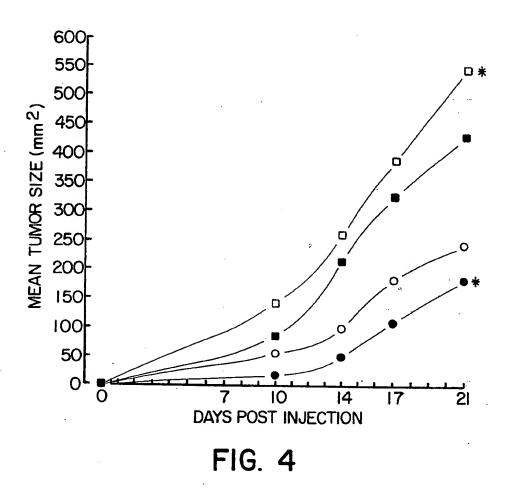
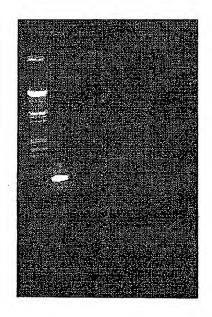


FIG. 3



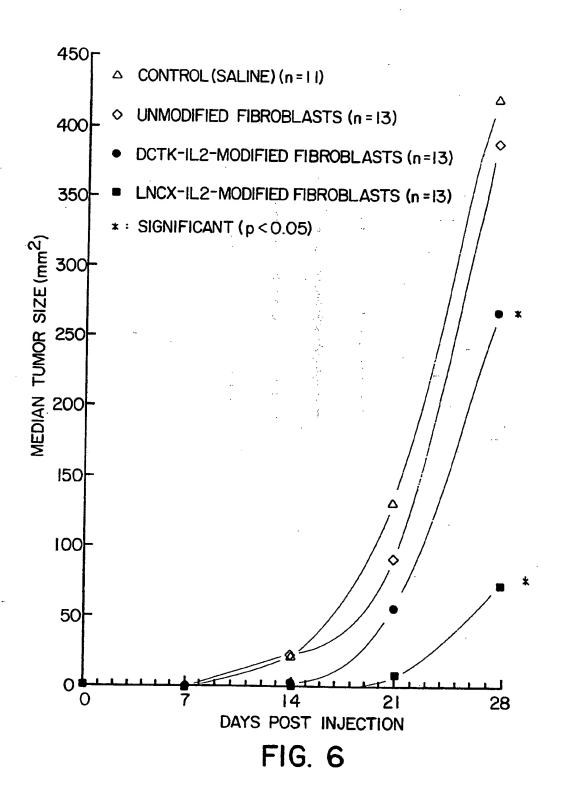
SUBSTITUTE SHEET

5/15

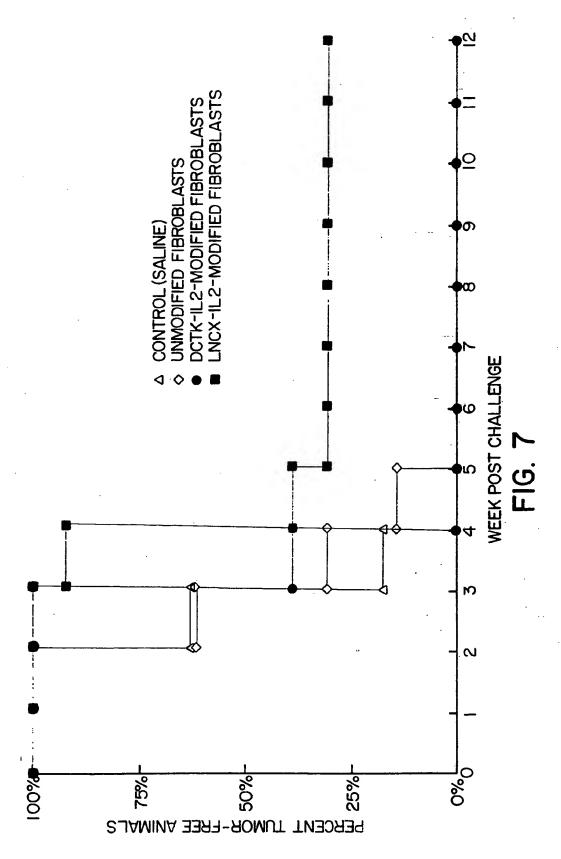


1234567

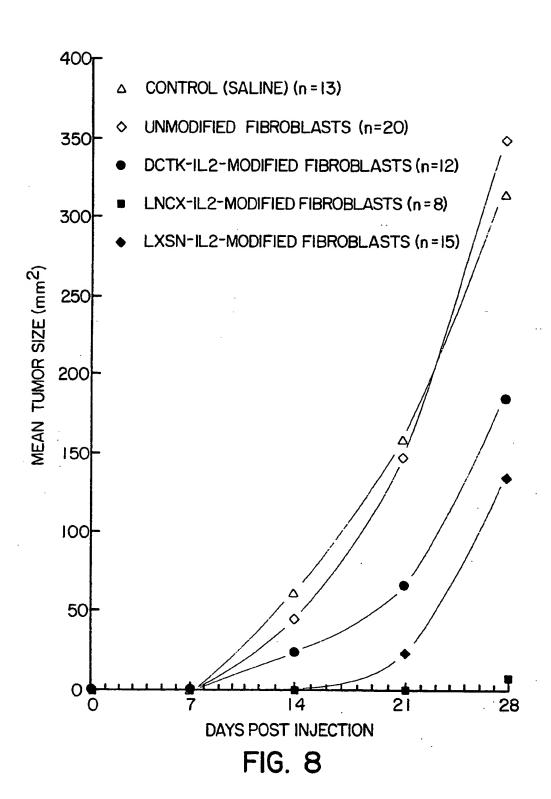
FIG. 5



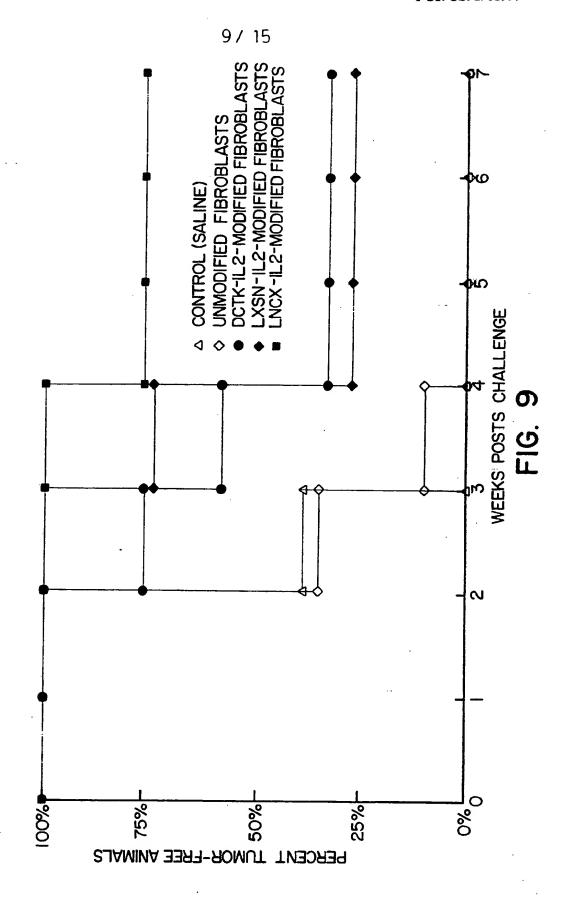
SHEST-TUTE SHEET

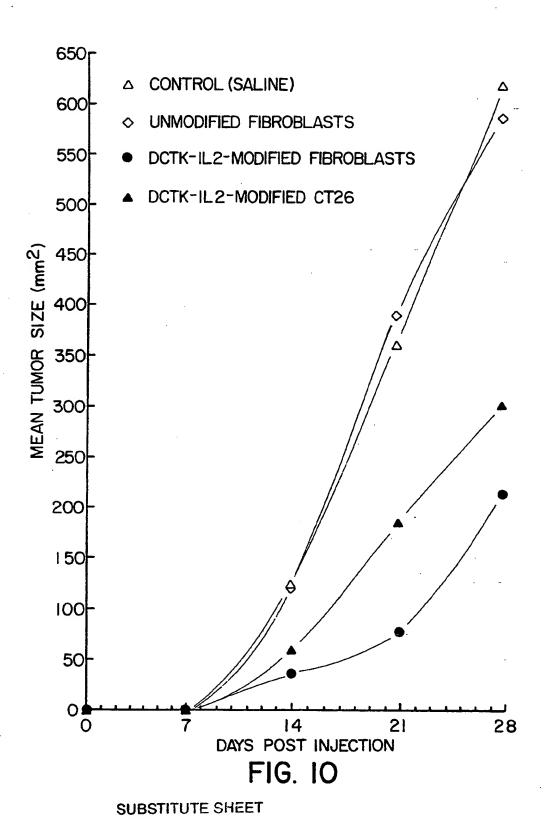


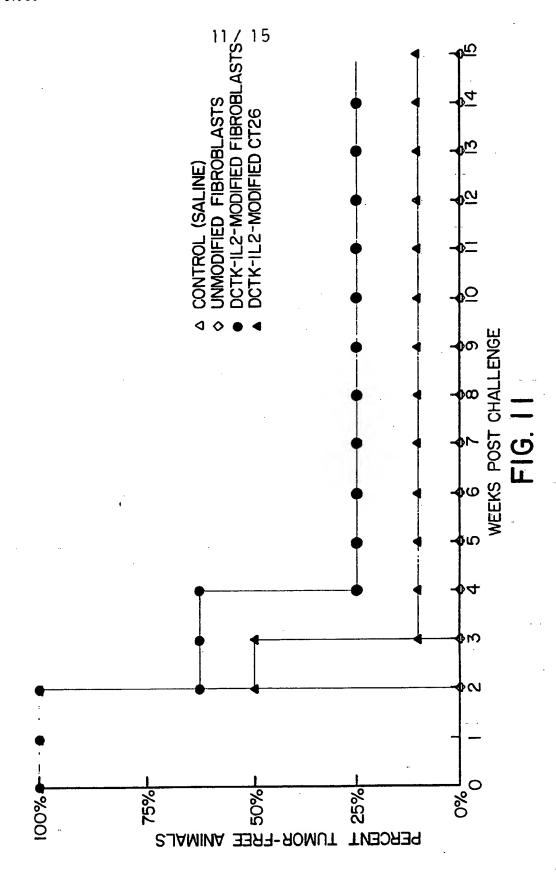
SUBSTITUTE SHEET



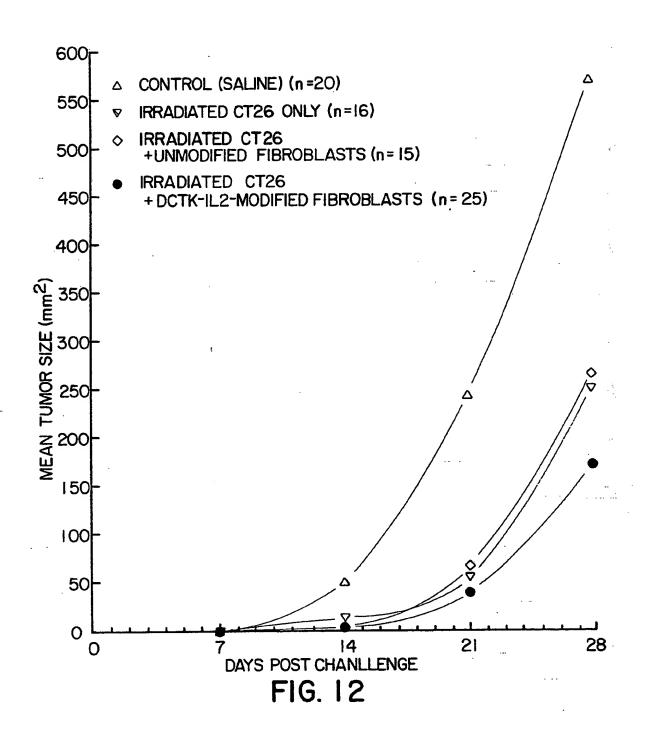
SUBSTITUTE SHEET



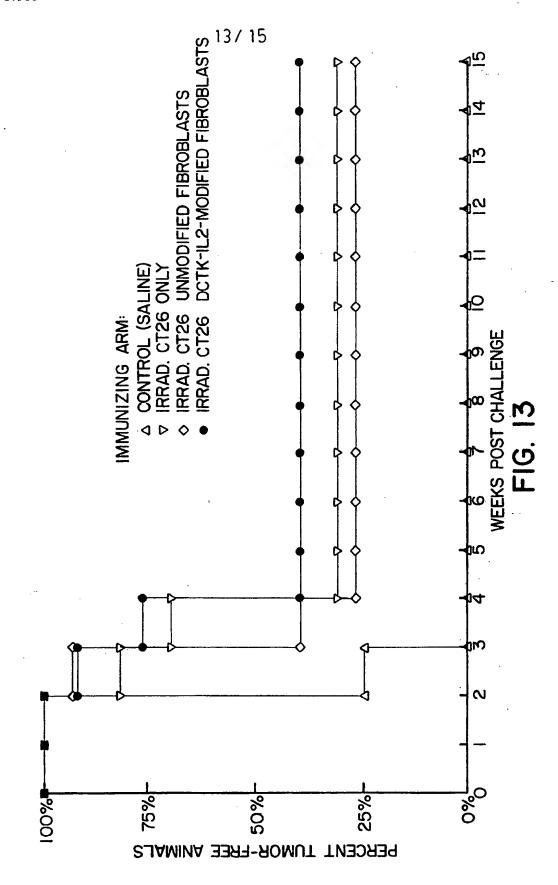




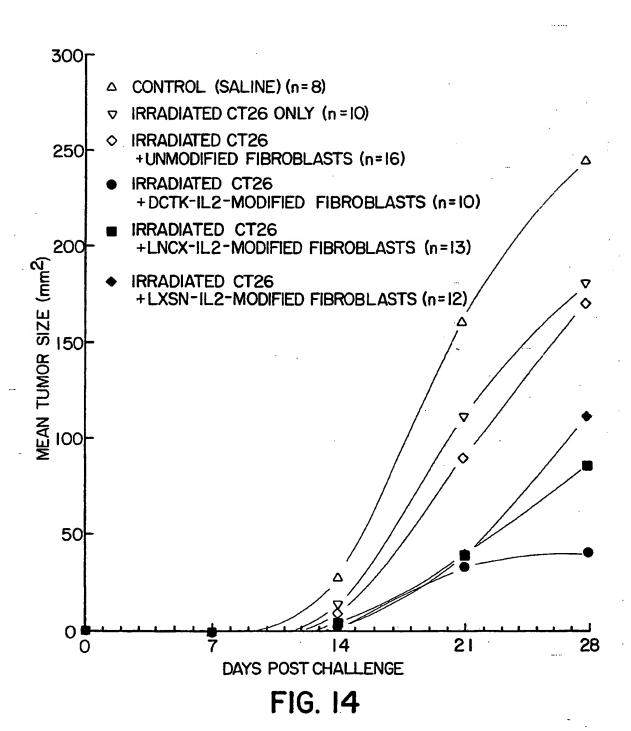
SUBSTITUTE SHEET



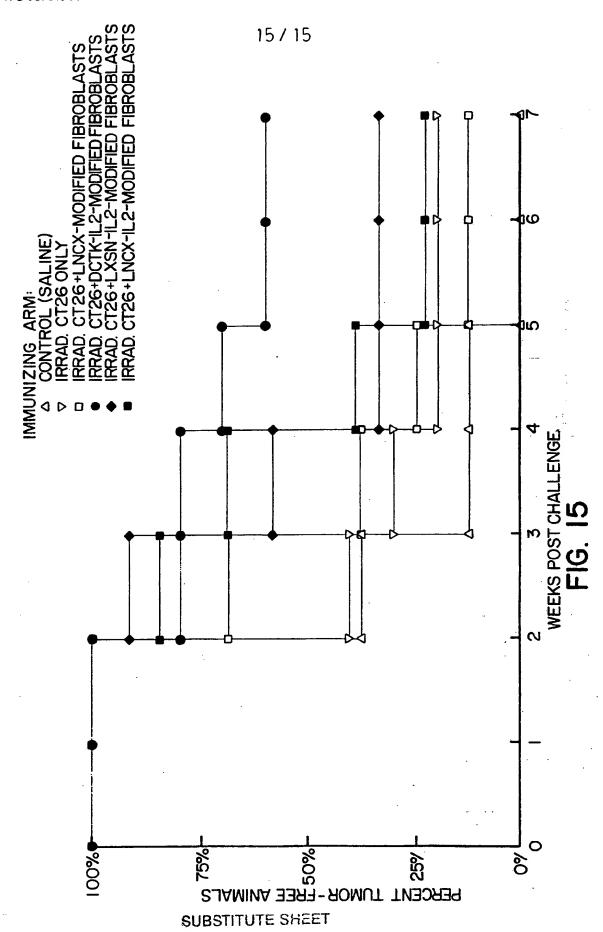
SUBSTITUTE SHEET



SUBSTITUTE SHEET



SUBSTITUTE SHEET



## INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Int...ational application No. PCT/US92/08999

	SSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER		
1	Piease See Extra Sheet.		
	Please See Extra Sheet.  o International Patent Classification (IPC) or to both	national classification and IPC	
<u> </u>	DS SEARCHED		
	ocumentation searched (classification system follower	t by alassification symbols)	
			•
U.S. :	424/93B, 93U, 89; 435/240.2, 320.1, 69.5, 69.51, 6	9.52; 935/65, 32, 12, 57, 70, 71	
Documentat	ion searched other than minimum documentation to the	extent that such documents are included	in the fields searched
	ata base consulted during the international search (na MEDLINE, APS	me of data base and, where practicable,	, search terms used)
C. DOC	UMENTS CONSIDERED TO BE RELEVANT		
Category*	Citation of document, with indication, where ap	propriate, of the relevant passages	Relevant to claim No.
<u>x</u> Y	Journal of Experimental Medicine, Volume 172, is "Interleukin 2 Gene Transfer into Tumor Cells A Protective Immunity", pages 1217-1224, see the en	Abrogates Tumorigenicity and Induces	<u>1-8, 11-14</u> 9, 10, 15, 16
<u>X</u> Y	Cell, Volume 57, issued 05 May 1989, Tepper et al, Anti-Tumor Activity In Vivo", pages 503-512, see		<u>1-3,5,6, 8,11,12,14</u> 4, 13
X Y	Cell, Volume 60, issued 09 February 1990, Feare Tumor Cells Bypasses T Helper Function in the Gpages 397-403, see the entire document.	•	1,3-5,8, 11-13 2, 6, 7, 14-16
Υ .	Cancer Research, Volume 50, issued 15 August Genetically Manipulated Fibroblasts into Mice as A 5102-5106, see the entire document.		1-16
		·	
		:	
X Furth	er documents are listed in the continuation of Box C	See patent family annex.	·
.V. qo	coal categories of cited documents:	"T" later document published after the inte date and not in conflict with the applic principle or theory underlying the inv	ation but cited to understand the
	tier document published on or after the international filing date	"X" document of particular relevance; the considered novel or cannot be considered.	e claimed invention cannot be red to involve an inventive step
cit	nument which may throw doubts on priority claim(s) or which is at to establish the publication date of another citation or other citation (as specified)	"Y" document of particular relevance; the considered to involve an investive	e claimed invention cannot be
.O. qo	rument referring to an oral disclosure, use, exhibition or other	combined with one or more other made being obvious to a person skilled in the	h documents, such combination
	nument published prior to the international filing date but later than priority date claimed	"&" document member of the same patent	framily /
Date of the	actual completion of the international search	Date of mailing of the international sec 26 JAN I	
	nailing address of the ISA/	Authorized officer	
Commissio Box PCT	ner of Patents and Trademarks	JACQUELINE STONE	March !
	o. NOT APPLICABLE	Telephone No. (703) 308-0196	

# INTERNATIONAL SEARCH REPORT

Inte. ational application No.
PCT/US92/08999

	citation of document, v	rith indication, when	re appropri	ate, of the	e relevant	passages:	Releva	nt to claim No.
tegory*	Cancer Research, Volume Vector-mediated Interferon Lasting Antitumor Immuni	50, issued 15 Decer	nber 1990. Tumor Co	Gansbac	her et al., ates Poter	"Retroviral	1, 3, 5, 0 2,7	5, 8,11,12,14
		•						
				.*				
		·	·					
	ij		,					
					,			
		. "						
							·	
								· .
			•					
		•						
		·						

## INTERNALIONAL SEARCH REPORT

International application No. PCT/US92/08999

A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER: IPC (5):
A61K 48/00, 35/12, 39/00; C12N 15/19, 15/24, 15/25, 15/26, 15/90, 15/63
A. CLASSIFICATION OF SUBJECT MATTER: US CL :
424/93B, 93U, 89; 435/240.2, 320.1, 69.5, 69.51, 69.52; 935/65, 32, 12, 57, 70, 7

Form PCT/ISA/210 (extra sheet)(July 1992)+